# CAMBRIDGE LOCAL PLAN – TOWARDS 2031 SOUTH CAMBRIDGESHIRE LOCAL PLAN

Issues And Options 2
Part 1 Joint Consultation On Development Strategy &
Site Options on the Edge Of Cambridge –January 2013

**Technical Background Document-Part 1** 





South
Cambridgeshire
District Council

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## Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Pro forma

The following joint pro forma was used to assess all of the edge of Cambridge sites. This pro forma shows all of the possible scoring categories which were available for each criterion. The comments column provides information about how the sites were scored and who provided comments.

Site information	Broad Location (Number and Name)
Site reference number(s):	
Site name/address:	
Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Re	enort): City only
	sports. Only only
Мар:	
Cita description.	
Site description:	
Current use(s):	
Current use(s):	
Proposed use/s):	
Proposed use(s):	

Site size (ha): South Cambridg Assumed net developable ar		
Assumed residential density		
Potential residential capacity		
Site owner/promoter: Owners		
	omote site for development?:	Yes/No
Site origin: eg SHLAA call for	sites, study etc	
Relevant planning history:		
Level 1		
Part A: Strategic Considerati		
Conformity with the Council'	s Sustainable Development St	rategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with	Comments
Ontena	relevant colour R G B or RR	Comments
	R A G GG etc and retain only	
	chosen score text)	
Is the site within an area that	R = No	
has been identified as	G = Yes	
suitable for development in		
the SDS?		
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	R = Flood risk zone 3	Quantify extent of risk by
	A = Flood risk zone 2	proportion of site affected.
	G = Flood risk zone 1	Remember that such land
		remains suitable for open
		space uses. Note any assumptions in this box. For
		example, if only a small part
		is within FZ3 the site could
		be assessed as G, and a
		comment added in the
		comments box

Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	R = High risk, A = Medium risk G = Low risk	Take account of scope for appropriate mitigation, which could reduce the level of risk on site and potentially reduce flood risk elsewhere (for example from site run-off).
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	See below- Section to be completed by Landscape Architect
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site	Distance measure only. Add bullet point analysis of pros and cons of location in terms of the effects it will have on the compact city and transition from countryside to historic city versus suburbs.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	RR = Very significant impacts R = Significant negative impacts A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation G = No impact	Short description of impact. Assessment pulls across finding from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study assessment dealing with importance to separation
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	RR = Very high and high impacts R = High/medium impacts A = Medium and medium/minor impacts G = Minor and minor/negligible impacts GG = Negligible impacts	Short description of impact. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study assessment dealing with setting.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	R = Significant negative impact from loss or degradation of views. A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views. G = No or negligible impact on views	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study dealing with key views.
Soft green edge to the City	R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation G = Not present, significant opportunities for enhancement.	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.
Distinctive urban edge	R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation. A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Short description. Assessment pulls across findings from the 2012 Inner Green Belt Boundary Study.

	C. Not pure and	
One are a consider as a sector C	G = Not present	Chart description
Green corridors penetrating	R = Significant negative	Short description.
into the City	impact from loss of land	Assessment pulls across
	forming part of a green	findings from the 2012 Inner
	corridor, incapable of	Green Belt Boundary Study.
	mitigation	
	A = Negative impact from	
	loss of land forming part of a	
	green corridor, but capable of	
	mitigation	
	G = No loss of land forming	
	part of a green corridor /	
	significant opportunities for	
	enhancement through	
	creation of a new green	
The distribution physical	corridor	Chart description
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and	RR = Very significant	Short description. Assessment pulls across
character of Green Belt	negative impacts incapable of satisfactory mitigation	findings from the 2012 Inner
villages (SCDC only)	R = Significant negative	Green Belt Boundary Study.
villages (GCDC Utily)	impacts incapable of	Green Deit Boundary Study.
	satisfactory mitigation	
	A = Negative impacts but	
	capable of partial mitigation	
	G = No impacts or minor	
	impacts capable of mitigation	
	impacto capazio el liningano.	
A landscape which has a	R = Significant negative	Short description.
strongly rural character	impacts incapable of	Assessment pulls across
	satisfactory mitigation	findings from the 2012 Inner
	A = Negative impacts but	Green Belt Boundary Study.
	capable of partial mitigation	
	G = No impacts or impacts	
	capable of mitigation	
Overall conclusion on Green	RR = Very high and high	Assessment pulls across
Belt	impacts	findings from the 2012 Inner
	R = High/medium impacts	Green Belt Boundary Study.
	A = Medium and	Using 5 bands allows a finer
	medium/minor impacts	grained appreciation of
	G = Minor and	importance/significance of
	minor/negligible impacts	site in relation to GB
	GG = Negligible impacts	purposes and functions. It
		also potentially allows more choices to be made
		concerning balancing sustainable development with
		impact on the Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature Co	nservation Designations	пправі віне вівен вен.
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon	R = Site is on or adjacent to	Ecologist to complete.
a Site of Special Scientific	an SSSI with negative	· ·
Interest (SSSI)?	impacts incapable of	
l '	mitigation	
	A = Site is on or adjacent to	
	an SSSI with negative	
	impacts capable of mitigation	
	G = Site is not near to an	
	SSSI with no or negligible	
		,

	Limporto	T
Impact on National Haritage	impacts Assats	
Impact on National Heritage Criteria	Performance	Comments
	R = Site is on a SAM or	Conservation Officers to
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	allocation will lead to development adjacent to a SAM with the potential for negative impacts incapable of mitigation A = Site is adjacent to a SAM that is less sensitive / not likely to be impacted or impacts are capable of mitigation G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	complete.
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for negative impacts capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Conservation Officers to complete. Identify grade of buildings affected (Grade 1,2, 2*).
Part B: Deliverability and oth	er constraints	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	R = No A = Yes, with mitigation G = Yes	Cambridgeshire County Council Highways to provide details.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	R = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects incapable of appropriate mitigation. A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation. G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Cambridgeshire County Council Highways to provide details.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	R = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects incapable of appropriate mitigation. A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation. G = No capacity constraints identified that cannot be fully mitigated	Highways Agency to provide details.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic	R = Yes major impact A = Some impact G = No impact	
sites?		

issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	owners, ransom strips, covenants, existing use agreements etc
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	R = Beyond 2031 (beyond plan period) A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Beyond plan period, or construction likely to start first 5 years, or within 5-19 years
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	R = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required but constraints incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation G = No, existing infrastructure likely to be sufficient	From SHLAA data or statutory undertakers for electricity, gas, mains water, mains sewerage. Look at whether development is supportable from existing network.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	R = School capacity not sufficient, constraints cannot be appropriately mitigated. A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated G = Non-residential development / surplus school places	Cambridgeshire County Council Education Department to provide details eg After allowing for surplus school places, the development of a site of this size would be likely to have to make provision for new primary school education, and possibly in combination with other sites, for secondary school education.
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	R = Site or a significant part of it falls within an allocated or safeguarded area, development would have significant negative impacts A = Site or a significant part of it falls within an allocated or safeguarded area, development would have minor negative impacts G = Site is not within an allocated or safeguarded area.	Cambridgeshire County Council Minerals and Waste team to provide details.
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	R = Site is within the PSZ or is designated as an area where no development should occur A = Site or part of site within the SZ G = Site is not within the PSZ or SZ	Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height.  If Amber include height restriction in comments.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing cer	ntres and services	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the	R = >800m	From GIS – 400 and 800m
nearest District or Local	A = 400-800m	distances as the crow flies
centre?	G = <400m	from the edge of the defined

		centres.
		District and Local Centres in City as defined in Cambridge 2006 Local Plan. If adjoining centres at Girton, Histon & Impington, Fulbourn and Great Shelford (See GIS layer from SCDC for village centre) are closer measure distance to these places.  Sites big enough to generate a need for one or more primary schools can be assumed to also provide their own small centre and be scored no worse than an A.
How far is the nearest health	R = >800m	From GIS
centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m G = <400m	
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	R = Development would lead to the loss of one or more community facilities incapable of appropriate mitigation G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	From GIS
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community.	Having regard to size and location in relation to distance from existing facilities consider how new development might enhance existing provision or add to pressures on existing.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	R = >3km A = 1-3km G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	From GIS  Name the school. National standards require free school transport for specified groups of pupils if over 2 miles (3.2 km from home to school). Sites big enough to generate a need for a secondary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference:	From GIS

	A = 400-800m G = <400m or non-housing allocations or site large enough to provide new school  SCDC: R = >3km A = 1-3 km G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	enough to generate a need for a primary school can be assumed to provide one and be scored as a G.
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	R = Significant negative effect A = Negative effect G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Assessment as to whether the development would help to support facilities in an existing centre in Cambridge, depending upon proximity to existing centres and 'health' of existing centres.  Alternatively if a site can provide its own facilities, it will be serving its own population and would not have an impact on the existing hierarchy, assuming that any new centres would be in proportion to the size of the new development.
Accessibility to outdoor facil	ities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	R=Yes G=No	If partial loss on site score R and explain in comments what area involved
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	May not be able to fill in at moment.  The site owner must provide details of how this can be achieved so it may be completed later in process or on site forms from landowners.  Areas of playing field which officers consider are needed should be named along with the land area required to be replaced in an alternative location.

If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically accessible open space / outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space (OS) provision?	RR = No, the site by virtue of its size is not able to provide the minimum standard of OS and is located in a ward or parish with identified deficiency. R= No, the site by virtue of its size is not able to provide the minimum standard of OS. G = Assumes minimum onsite provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite GG = Development would create the opportunity to deliver significantly enhanced provision of new public open spaces in excess of adopted plan standards.	Includes all types of public open space and outdoor sports facilities. Use a GG entry when this opportunity has been identified in a SHLAA submission or where such provision could connect existing open spaces or utilise significant areas of land in Flood Zones 2 or 3.  The site owner must provide details of how onsite provision will be provided where there are doubts over onsite provision, especially in wards with existing OS deficiencies.
<b>Supporting Economic Growt</b>	h	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	R = >3km A = 1-3km G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non-residential use	From GIS  City centre, established business estates and key office locations and local centres in City as defined in ELR
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?  Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	R = Significant loss of employment land and job opportunities not mitigated by alternative allocation in the area (> 50%) A = Some loss of employment land and job opportunities mitigated by alternative allocation in the area (< 50%). G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010. G = Within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple	From GIS  Retained business estates, office locations and other portfolio sites defined in ELR  From GIS
Sustainable Transport	Deprivation 2010.	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	R = Service does not meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT) A = service meets	From GIS  Based upon the assessment which has been made by the City, using HQPT definition in

r	requirements of high quality public transport in most but not all instances G = High quality public transport service	the Cambridge Local Plan. Based on a map of main roads where they have been classified using these categories. Buffers will be on the map supplied so the comment will describe how far the site is from these categories of service eg site is 400m from HQPT on Hills Rd and 600m from amber route on XXX Rd
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	From GIS
0	A = 400 - 800m G = <400m	From approximate centre of site to proposed Science Park Station or Cambridge Station (state which).
accessible near to the site?	RR = no cycling provision and traffic speeds >30mph with high vehicular traffic volume.  R = No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.  A = Medium quality off-road path.  G = Quiet residential street speed below 30mph, cycle lane with 1.5m minimum width, high quality off-road path e.g. cycleway adjacent to guided busway.  GG = Quiet residential street designed for 20mph speeds, high quality off-road paths with good segregation from pedestrians, uni-directional hybrid cycle lanes.	Describe in commentary. City Cycling Officer to complete taking into account speed of traffic and accident records and width of facility and nature of any sharing with pedestrians.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	RR = Score 0-4 from 4 criteria below R = Score 5-9 from 4 criteria below A = Score 10-14 from 4	SCDC to complete for edge of City Sites
	criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	G = Score 15-19 from 4 criteria below GG = Score 19-24 from 4	SCDC to complete for edge of City Sites

	La	
Frequency of Public	(6)	of City Sites
Transport	20 minute service (4)	
	30 minute service (3)	
	60 minute service (2)	
	Less than hourly service (0)	
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical	20 minutes or less (6)	SCDC to complete for edge
public transport journey time	Between 21 and 30 minutes	of City Sites
to Cambridge City Centre	(4)	
	Between 31 and 40 minutes	
	(3)	
	Between 41 and 50 minutes	
	(2)	
	Greater than 50 minutes (0)	
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	SCDC to complete for edge
Distance for cycling to City	5-10km (4)	of City Sites
Centre	10-15km (3)	
	15km + (2)	
	20km + (0)	
Air Quality, pollution, contan		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an	R = Within or adjacent to an	Environmental Health to
AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	AQMA, M11 or A14	complete and consider scope
	A = <1000m of an AQMA,	for appropriate mitigation
	M11 or A14	
	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	
	M11, or A14	
Would the development of	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
the site result in an adverse	impact	complete and consider scope
impact/worsening of air	A = Adverse impact	for appropriate mitigation
quality?	G = Minimal, no impact,	
	reduced impact	
Are there potential noise and	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
vibration problems if the site	impacts incapable of	complete and consider scope
is developed, as a receptor	appropriate mitigation	for appropriate mitigation
or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable	,,,,
	of adequate mitigation	
	G = No adverse effects or	
	capable of full mitigation	
Are there potential light	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
pollution problems if the site	impacts incapable of	complete and consider scope
is developed, as a receptor	appropriate mitigation	for appropriate mitigation
or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable	,,,,
3	of adequate mitigation	
	G = No adverse effects or	
	capable of full mitigation	
Are there potential odour	R = Significant adverse	Environmental Health to
problems if the site is	impacts incapable of	complete and consider scope
developed, as a receptor or	appropriate mitigation	for appropriate mitigation
generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable	,,,,
<u>~</u>	of adequate mitigation	
	G = No adverse effects or	
	capable of full mitigation	
Is there possible	R = All or a significant part of	Environmental Health to
contamination on the site?	the site within an area with a	complete and consider scope
	history of contamination	for appropriate mitigation
	which, due to physical	
	constraints or economic	
	viability, is incapable of	
	appropriate mitigation during	
	the plan period	
	pian ponou	1

	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development G = Site not within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	
Protecting Groundwater	,	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone?	R = Within SPZ 1 G = Not within SPZ1 or	From GIS
Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	allocation is for greenspace	There is only one site in the City off Fen Causeway

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such areas with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such areas with potential for negative impacts capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	From GIS and Conservation Officers
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	R = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for significant negative impacts incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such an area with potential for negative impacts capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	From GIS and Conservation Officers
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for negative impacts capable	From GIS and Conservation Officers

	of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity G=No known archaeology on site or in vicinity	County Archaeology staff to complete comments.

Making Efficient Heapfland		
Making Efficient Use of Land	Dowformana	Comments
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to	R = Significant loss (20 ha or	From GIS
the loss of the best and most	more) of grades 1 and 2 land	
versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and	
	2 land	
	G = Neutral. Development	
	would not affect grade 1 and	
	2 land.	
Would development make	R = No	From Arial photos
use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	G = Yes	
Would development make	A=No	
use of previously developed	G=Yes	
land (PDL)? (SCDC)		
Biodiversity and Green Infras		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact	R = Contains or is adjacent to	From GIS and Ecologist
upon a locally designated	an existing site and impacts	
wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature	incapable of appropriate	
Reserve, County Wildlife Site,	mitigation	
City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to	
	an existing site and impacts	
	capable of appropriate	
	mitigation	
	G = Does not contain, is not	
	adjacent to or local area will	
	be developed as greenspace	
Does the site offer	R = Development involves a	Ecologist to complete
opportunity for green	loss of existing green	
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure which is	
	incapable of appropriate	
	mitigation.	
	A = No significant	
	opportunities or loss of	
	existing green infrastructure	
	capable of appropriate	
	mitigation	
	G = Development could	
	deliver significant new green	
	infrastructure	
Would development reduce	R = Development would have	Ecologist to complete
habitat fragmentation,	a negative impact on existing	
enhance native species, and	features or network links	
help deliver habitat	incapable of appropriate	
restoration (helping to	mitigation	
achieve Biodiversity Action	A = Development would have	
Plan targets?)	a negative impact on existing	
	features or network links but	

Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	capable of appropriate mitigation G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links R = Development likely to have a significant adverse impact on the protected trees incapable of appropriate mitigation A = Any adverse impact on protected trees capable of appropriate mitigation G = Site does not contain or	From GIS and Tree Officer
	adjoin any protected trees	
Any other information not ca		
Conclusions		
Cross site comparison	What is this?	
Level 1 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Add brief commentary here
allowing scope for mitigation)	or adverse impacts A = Some constraints or adverse impacts G = Minor constraints or adverse impacts	
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts A = Some constraints or adverse impacts G = Minor constraints or adverse impacts	Add brief commentary here
Overall Conclusion	R = Site with no significant development potential (significant constraints and adverse impacts) A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts) G = Site with development potential (few or minor constraints or adverse impacts)	Add brief summary
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites with an overall conclusion of A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants.

Site Assessments of Site Options in the Green Belt (sites for consultation)	

#### **Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council**

#### Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information

Broad Location 7- Land Between
Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC930

Site name/address: Site Option GB1 Land north of Worts' Causeway

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge

Map:

930

**Site description:** Arable open fields, meadow, and farm buildings north of Worts Causeway.

Current use(s): Farm buildings & Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Residential

**Site size (ha): 7.33ha** Cambridge: 7.33 ha SCDC 0.00ha **Assumed net developable area:** 5.88 ha (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45dph

Potential residential capacity: 247

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes/No

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

■ District Boundary

#### Relevant planning history:

Cambridge Local Plan Inspectors Report 2006:

Omission Site No.5 - Netherall Farm (south-west corner of Site CC911) - The Inspector rejected the inclusion of the site because

- It is a large area of open land within Green Belt, outside built up area which was not needed for housing supply.
- He also raised the importance of several views and setting of the City, and lack of screening.
- It was also said to not have the advantages of the Southern Fringe, and not related to Addenbrookes to justify it.

The Inspector did however say the site is a sustainable location with respect to access to services and employment and no objections on infrastructure grounds or difficulties with building communities.

No relevant planning applications for residential use

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	A = Medium risk	Amber: Significant site regarding surface water flooding as runoff contributes to surface water flooding of the existing built environment. Current scheme could potentially offer a solution and flood risk management benefit, but may impact on achievable densities as great level of green infrastructure required.
Green Belt		
Criteria  What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	Performance See below	Impact on Green Belt purposes could be limited if development on this site were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.

To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core  To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site under 5km  G = No impact	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.  Green: There would be no coalescence issues related to this site.
another and with the City.		
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The setting of the City could be maintained if develop were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: Views of the site from the west are partially screened by existing vegetation to the west of the site.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: There is a lesser quality existing soft green edge to Beaumont Road (garden boundaries) which could be replicated and improved to the west of the site.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a recognised green corridor
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Green: The proposed development would not affect Green Belt villages
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The landscape is rural (agricultural) but has a strong urban edge. Opportunity to mitigate.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: Although development of the site would negatively affect Green Belt purposes there would be opportunities to mitigate.
Impact on national Nature (		Commonto
Criteria	Performance	Comments

Would allocation impact	G = Site is not near to an	Green: No
upon a Site of Special	SSSI with no or negligible	
Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	impacts	
Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: There is no known
a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	SAM on this site
Monument (SAM)?	0 0'1 1 1 1	0 0'1 1
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: Site does not
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	contain or adjoin such
	there is no impact to the	buildings, and there is no
	setting of such buildings	impact to the setting of such buildings
Part B: Deliverability and Vi	jahility Criteria	buildings
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: This site does not
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	fall within a Minerals
and Waste LDF?	area.	Safeguarding Area; a
and Wasto EST .	urou.	WWTW or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
		Constitution 7 ii cai
		The adopted Core Strategy,
		Policy CS16, identifies
		Cambridge south as a
		Broad Location for a new
		Household Recycling
		Centre (HRC). This site falls
		within this broad location.
		Policy CS16 requires major
		developments to contribute
		to the provision of HRCs,
		consistent with the adopted
		RECAP Waste
		Management Guide.
		Contributions may be
		required in the form of land
		and / or capital payments.
		This outstanding
		infrastructure deficit for an
		HRC must be addressed,
		such infrastructure is a
		strategic priority in the
Is the site located within the	A - Site or part of cite within	NPPF. Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Arriber. Air Saleguarding  Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or	the oz	buildings, structures and
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 150ft
Caleguarding Zone:		(45.7m) in height. Top of
		site within no erection of
		buildings, structures and
		works exceeding 50ft
		(15.2m) in height
		(13.4III) III Helyiit

Is there a suitable access to the site?	G = Yes	Green: The site has the benefit of direct frontage to the adopted public highway. The bus gate which operates in the rush hour might have to be moved further along Worts Causeway to allow access to and from this site at this time of day.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity.  Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.  This site is of a scale that would trigger the need for a Transportation Assessment (TA) and Travel Plan (TP), regardless of the need for a full Environmental Impact Assessment.  S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Any development would need to consider the existing bus gate on Worts Causeway. The development surrounds Cherry Hinton Road/ Limekiln Hill Road and these existing adopted public highways may require improvement/ alterations to accommodate the additional traffic movements. The hospital roundabout is an accident cluster site, which will need to be considered along with the impact on Granhams Road/Babraham Road junction. County Council are currently updating the trip rate formulas.

have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.  With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute
		Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site with Site CC911.  The inclusion of additional land might also maximise
		development opportunities and provide a better

G = No	opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community. However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area.  Green: No
A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: SHLAA Call for Sites 2011 –submission on behalf of developer/ landowner - The first dwellings to be completed on site 2011-16. This comment relates to the whole of SC911. Confirmation is required regarding this part of the site and whether it will form part of a much larger site. Not clear which part will be brought forward first in 2011-16 therefore Amber score to reflect possible delay to delivery.
A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: County Education comments awaited. Expect appropriate education provision to be made. For smaller sites this is likely to be off site.
	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031  A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation  A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: The site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Wulfstan Way local centre.
How far is the nearest	A = 400-800m	Amber: Site is between 400

health centre or GP service in Cambridge?		and 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	G = Good scope for integration with existing communities	Green: Good scope to integrate with existing communities through good design connectivity and appropriate community provision to aid integration possibly in conjunction with site CC929 to the south.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: Approximately 80% of site is within 1km from nearest secondary school with the remainder between 1 and 3kms.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: R = >800m	Red: Approximately 60% of site is between 400 and 800m from nearest primary
	SCDC:	school with Green: Good scope to integrate with
	A = 1-3 km	existing communities through good design
		connnectivity and appropriate community provision to aid integration possibly in conjunction with site CC930 to the north the
Would development protect	G = No effect or would	remainder beyond 800m. Green: The site is too small
the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?  Accessibility to outdoor face	support the vitality and viability of existing centres	to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is Wulfstan Way, which is a relatively small Local Centre and greater than 800m away. Additional population at this site may help to further support this relatively small Local Centre, although it is further than 800m away.
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy	R=Yes	Red: There is approximately 0.5ha of semi-natural green space of environmental importance on site.

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SF/9? (excluding land which		
is protected only because of		
its Green Belt status).	2.11	5 1 4 ( )
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?  If the site does not involve any	R=No  G = Assumes minimum on-	Red: Any future development would need to satisfactorily incorporate the environmentally sensitive protected open space or demonstrate it can be reprovided elsewhere in an appropriate manner.  Green: Assuming area of
protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically accessible open space /outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space provision?	site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	POS is removed from the site, no obvious constraints that prevent the remainder of site providing full on-site provision.
<b>Supporting Economic Grow</b>	/th	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non- residential use	Green: The site is within 1km of an employment centre.
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review.
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Amber: Site in Queen Edith's LSOA 7995: 3.99
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	G = High quality public transport service	Green: Part of site is within 400m from a bus route. Service does meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT).
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: Site is greater than 800m from either an existing or proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes	R = No cycling provision or	Red: Although the link along

are accessible near to the	a cycle lane less than 1.5m	Worts Causeway would be
site?	width	quiet at morning peak if the
	with medium volume of	rising bollards remain, the
	traffic. Having to cross a	traffic volumes in the
	busy junction with high cycle accident rate to	evening peak could be quite high on this road with no
	access local	cycling provision. A solution
	facilities/school. Poor	to mitigate this could be to
	quality off road path.	extend the access
		restriction to the evening as
		well as morning peak.
SCDC Would development	GG = Score 19-24 from 4	Total Score = 22
reduce the need to travel	criteria below	
and promote sustainable		
transport choices:	Within COOm (4)	Dahraham Dark and Dida
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail	Within 600m (4)	Babraham Park and Ride (99 service)
station		(30 301 VICO)
SCDC Sub-indicator:	10 minute service or better	Babraham Park and Ride
Frequency of Public	(6)	(99 service)
Transport	Logo than 00 mins to 2 (0)	40 minutes (Osmilania)
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport	Less than 20 minutes (6)	16 minutes – (Cambridge, Red Cross Lane –
journey time to Cambridge		Cambridge, Drummer
City Centre		Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	3.33km ACF
Distance for cycling to City		
Centre Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and naise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	Green: The site is not within
an AQMA, the M11 or the		the Air Ouglity Meneganout
an / with, the with of the	M11, or A14	the Air Quality Management
A14?	M11, or A14	Area and more than 1,000
The state of the s	M11, or A14	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11
A14?		Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
	M11, or A14  A = Adverse impact	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality
A14?  Would the development of		Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential. Noise assessment and
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts  A = Adverse impacts  capable of adequate  mitigation	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential. Noise assessment and potential noise mitigation needed.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?  Are there potential noise and vibration problems if the site is developed, as a	A = Adverse impact  A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.  Amber: Frontage will be the noisiest part of the site from the road. If existing farm is to remain noise from plant at farm may affect proposed residential. Some uses particularly industrial could affect existing residential. Noise assessment and potential noise mitigation

is developed, as a receptor or generator?		view the light impact from development would require assessment in the ES but could be fully mitigated.  Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green: No adverse effects for residential use
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. The site has been used for agricultural purposes.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	A = Site contains, is adjacent to, or within the setting of such buildings with potential for negative	Amber: Yes. Netherhall Farm House and its outbuildings are all Buildings of Local Interest.

	impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	If the site were to come forward, any development would have to be sympathetic to the scale and massing of the site to ensure that the special interest of the existing buildings was not lost.
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Netherhall Farm. A pre-development archaeological survey should be required.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and 2 land	Amber: Approximately half (3.4ha) of site on Grade 2 land with the remainder on urban land.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber: No
<b>Biodiversity and Green Infra</b>	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Site includes Netherhall Farm Meadow which is a valuable County Wildlife Site, and Worts Causeway Protected Roadside Verge. Meadow site potentially vulnerable if changes to existing management are proposed. Scope for some reconfiguration and mitigation. Potential to create chalk / neutral grassland and perhaps a GI enhancement. Need to reduce developable site area from 7.84ha to 7.33ha to allow for appropriate mitigation
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	A = No significant opportunities or loss of existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: If Netherhall Farm Meadow is removed from the development site. Site identified in the Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure Strategy 2011. Potential to be

		beneficial if limited development could deliver wider GI vision for the area.
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat	A = Development would have a negative impact on existing features or network links but capable of	Amber: If Netherhall Farm Meadow is removed from the development site.
restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	appropriate mitigation	As with other arable sites this area is likely to support declining farmland bird species such as Grey partridge and Corn Bunting
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?  Any other information not compared to the street of the stree	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	-Adverse impact on Green
mitigation)	D. Cirraitia and a sureturainte	Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after	R = Significant constraints	Red:
allowing scope for	or adverse impacts	-Less than half of the site is further than 800m from
mitigation)	-	
		the nearest primary schoolThe site contains a
		County Wildlife Site, which
		is important for its semi
		natural grassland and
		biodiversity. This area is
		also designated as
		protected open space for
		its environmental qualities.
		Any development should
		not adversely affect this
		area. If this area was
		removed from the
		development site this
		would allow for appropriate
		mitigation.
		-lacks dedicated cycling
		provision on Worts
		Causeway and during rush

Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	hour could result in added risks to cycling. This could however be mitigated.  Amber: Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

#### **Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council**

#### Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

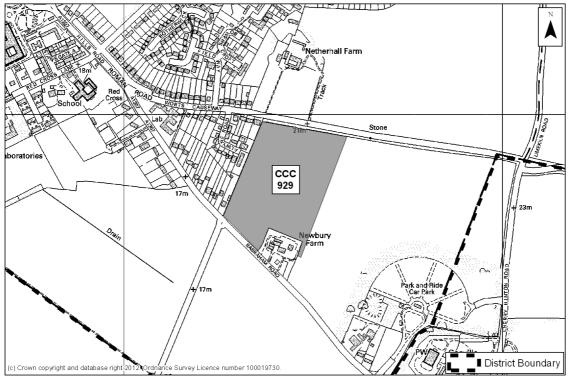
Site Information Broad Location 7- Land Between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC929

Site name/address: Site Option GB2 Land South of Worts' Causeway

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge





Site description: Arable open field south of Worts Causeway and north of Babraham Road.

Current use(s): Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Residential

Site size (ha): 6.8ha Cambridge 6.8ha SCDC 0.00ha

Assumed net developable area: 5.1ha (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45dph

Potential residential capacity: 230

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes as part of larger development

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

#### Relevant planning history:

Cambridge Local Plan Inspectors Report 2006:

Omission Site No.5 - Netherall Farm (south-west corner of Site CC911) - The Inspector rejected the inclusion of the site because

- It is a large area of open land within Green Belt, outside built up area which was not needed for housing supply.
- He also raised the importance of several views and setting of the City, and lack of screening.
- It was also said to not have the advantages of the Southern Fringe, and not related to Addenbrookes to justify it.

The Inspector did however say the site is a sustainable location with respect to access to services and employment and no objections on infrastructure grounds or difficulties with building communities.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)			
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments	
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes		
Flood Risk	,		
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1	
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	A = Medium risk	Amber: Fairly significant amount of surface water flooding towards the south of the site. Careful mitigation required which could impact on achievable site densities as greater level of green infrastructure required.	
Green Belt		_	
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	Impact on Green Belt purposes could be limited if development on this site were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.	
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site under 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.	

To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: There would be no coalescence issues related to this site.	
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The setting of the City could be maintained if develop were restricted to 2-storey and include landscape buffer areas.	
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: Views of the site from the west are partially screened by existing vegetation to the west of the site.	
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: There is a lesser quality existing soft green edge to Alwyne Road (garden boundaries) which could be replicated and improved to the west of the site.	
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.	
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a recognised green corridor.	
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Green: The proposed development would not affect Green Belt villages	
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The landscape is rural (agricultural) but is on the urban edge. Opportunity to mitigate.	
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: Although development of the site would negatively affect Green Belt purposes there would be opportunities to mitigate.	
Impact on national Nature (		0	
Criteria Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	Performance G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green: No	
Impact on National Heritage Assets			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	

NAZII II II I	0 0:1 :	. N
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green: No
Monument (SAM)?	adjacent to a SAM	
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	G10011.110
	there is no impact to the	
	setting of such buildings	
Part B: Deliverability and V		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: This site does not
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	fall within a Minerals
and Waste LDF?	area.	Safeguarding Area; a
		WWTW or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
		The edepted Care Strets
		The adopted Core Strategy,
		Policy CS16, identifies Cambridge south as a
		Broad Location for a new
		Household Recycling
		Centre (HRC). This site falls
		within this broad location.
		Policy CS16 requires major
		developments to contribute
		to the provision of HRCs,
		consistent with the adopted
		RECAP Waste
		Management Guide.
		Contributions may be
		required in the form of land
		and / or capital payments.
		This outstanding
		infrastructure deficit for an
		HRC must be addressed, such infrastructure is a
		strategic priority in the
		NPPF.
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		buildings, structures and
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 150ft
		(45.7m) in height
Is there a suitable access to	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: The site has direct
the site?		access from Babraham
		Road, but third party land
		appears to separate the site
Mould allocation of the coll	A locufficioni	from Worts Causeway
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.

This site is of a scale that would trigger the need for a Transportation Assessment (TA) and Travel Plan (TP), regardless of the need for a full Environmental Impact Assessment. S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account. A full Transport Assessment would be required for any development on this site and would need to model the impact on junction capacities on the local network. A Residential Travel plan would be also be required along with measures to link walking and cycling into the existing links. Any development would need to consider the existing bus gate on Worts Causeway. The development surrounds Cherry Hinton Road/ Limekiln Hill Road and these existing adopted public highways may require improvement/ alterations to accommodate the additional traffic movements. The hospital roundabout is an accident cluster site, which will need to be considered along with the impact on Granhams Road/Babraham Road junction. Would allocation of the site A = Insufficient capacity. Amber: have a significant impact on Negative effects capable of Insufficient capacity. the strategic road network appropriate mitigation. Negative effects capable of capacity? appropriate mitigation. With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme

		has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site. Along with part of the neighbouring Site CC911 and South Cambs SHLAA Site SC284 to the east.  The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities and provide a better opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community. However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly

Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area. Green: No
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: SHLAA Call for Sites 2011 –submission on behalf of developer/ landowner - The first dwellings to be completed on site 2011-16. This comment relates to the whole of SC911. Confirmation is required regarding this part of the site and whether it will form part of a much larger site. Not clear which part will be brought forward first in 2011-16 therefore Amber score to reflect possible delay to delivery.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: County Education comments awaited. Expect appropriate education provision to be made. For smaller sites this is likely to be off site.

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	R = >800m	Amber: Approximately 10% of the site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Wulfstan Way local centre. The remainder of the site is beyond 800m of a local centre. The site is probably not large enough to support a new local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	R = >800m	Red: Majority of site is over 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.

Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	G= Good scope for integration with existing communities	Green: Good scope to integrate with existing communities through good design connnectivity and appropriate community provision to aid integration possibly in conjunction with site CC930 to the north.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	A = 1-3km	Amber: Site is between 1 and 3km from nearest secondary school.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: R = >800m  SCDC:	Red: Site is over 800m from nearest primary school.
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	A = 1-3 km G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site is too small to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is Wulfstan Way, but this is greater than 800m. The development of the site is unlikely to have an impact on the existing hierarchy, but the site would have relatively poor access to local shopping.
Accessibility to outdoor fac	cilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=No	Green: No
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	Not applicable
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity	G = Assumes minimum on- site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	No obvious constraints that prevent the site providing full on-site provision.

and quality of publically accessible open space /outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space provision?		
Supporting Economic Grov	uth	
Criteria Economic Grov	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non-residential use	Green: The site is within 1km of an employment centre.
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review.
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Amber: Site in Queen Edith's LSOA 7995: 3.99
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public transport service is accessible at the edge of the site?	R = Service does not meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT)	Red: Site is more than 500m from a bus route. Service does not meet the requirements of a high quality public transport (HQPT)
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train station?	R = >800m	Red: Site is greater than 800m from either an existing or proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	A = Medium quality off-road path.	Amber: Babraham Rd off- road facility could be widened up towards the Addenbrookes roundabout to improve routes out towards Addenbrooks and Long Rd. Routes from the north of the development would be via Worts Causeway which has quite a high level of traffic in the evening peak. As above extending the access restriction to the evening peak could be considered.

SCDC Would development	GG = Score 19-24 from 4	Total Score = 20
reduce the need to travel	criteria below	
and promote sustainable		
transport choices:	M"H : 000 (4)	D
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Within 600m (4)	Babraham Park and Ride
Distance to a bus stop / rail		(99 service)
station	40 minute coming on heather	Debugh on Deducted Bide
SCDC Sub-indicator:	10 minute service or better	Babraham Park and Ride
Frequency of Public	(6)	(99 service)
Transport SCDC Sub-Indicator:	Detween 01 and 00 minutes	O1 minutes (Debughers
	Between 21 and 30 minutes	21 minutes – (Babraham
Typical public transport	(4)	Park and Ride –
journey time to Cambridge		Cambridge, Drummer
City Centre SCDC Sub-indicator:	Lin to Firm (C)	Street) 3.55km ACF
	Up to 5km (6)	3.55KIII AGF
Distance for cycling to City		
Centre  Air Quality pollution conta	mination and noise	
Air Quality, pollution, conta	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	Green: The site is not within
an AQMA, the M11 or the	M11, or A14	the Air Quality Management
A14?	WITT, OF ATT	Area and more than 1,000
A14:		metres from an AQMA, M11
		or A14.
Would the development of	A = Adverse impact	Amber. An air quality
the site result in an adverse	71 = 71averse impact	assessment would be
impact/worsening of air		required.
quality?		104404.
quanty :	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: Site adjacent in part
	capable of adequate	to a major road and to a
	mitigation	busy access road.
	3	Frontages will be the
		noisiest part of the site from
		the road. Plant at existing
		farm and possible
		commercial building to the
		west, may also impact on
		proposed residential. Some
		uses particularly industrial
		could affect existing
		residential. Noise
		assessment and potential
		mitigation measures
		required.
Are there potential light	G = No adverse effects or	Green: From purely the
pollution problems if the site	capable of full mitigation	residential amenity point of
is developed, as a receptor		view the light impact from
or generator?		development would require
		assessment in the ES but
		could be fully mitigated.
		Other agencies should be
		consulted regarding the
		impact on wild life, night sky

Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.  Green: No adverse effects
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. Site has been used for agricultural purposes.  The answer refers only to possible remediation. Economic viability will depend on housing market-unable to address this part.
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: No
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: No
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: No
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Extensive late prehistoric and Roman cropmarked sites known. A pre-development archaeological survey should be required.

Making Efficient Use of Lan	d	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to	A = Minor loss of grade 1	Amber: Approximately half
the loss of the best and	and 2 land	(3.4ha) of site on Grade 2
most versatile agricultural		land with the remainder on
land?		urban land.
Would development make	R = No	Red: No
use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)		
Would development make	A=No	Amber: No
use of previously developed		
land (PDL)? (SCDC)		
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact	A = Contains or is adjacent	Amber: Site adjacent to
upon a locally designated	to an existing site and	Netherhall Farm Meadow
wildlife site i.e. (Local	impacts capable of	County Wildlife Site, Worts
Nature Reserve, County	appropriate mitigation	Causeway Protected
Wildlife Site, City Wildlife		Roadside Verge. Sites
Site)		potentially vulnerable if
		changes to existing
		management are
		proposed.
Does the site offer	G = Development could	Green: Site already has
opportunity for green	deliver significant new green	permissive access allowing
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure	access to the area of
		Farmland identified in the
		Cambridgeshire Green
		Infrastructure Strategy 2011. Potential to be
		beneficial if limited
		development could deliver wider GI vision for the
		area.
		arca.
Would development reduce	G = Development could	Green: Double hedgerow
habitat fragmentation,	have a positive impact by	and verge along northern
enhance native species,	enhancing existing features	boundary with Worts
and help deliver habitat	and adding new features or	Causeway is of particular
restoration (helping to	network links	ecological value.
achieve Biodiversity Action		
Plan targets?)		As with other arable sites
		this area is likely to support
		declining farmland bird
		species such as Grey
		partridge and Corn Bunting.
Are there trees on site or	G = Site does not contain or	Green: There are no
immediately adjacent	adjoin any protected trees	protected trees on the site.
protected by a Tree		Pre-development tree
Preservation Order (TPO)?		survey to British Standard
		carry to british standard

Any other information not o	aptured above?	5837 may be required.
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)  Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts  R = Significant constraints or adverse impacts	Amber - Adverse impact on Green Belt purposes Red: -Site is not near to local facilities such as district / local centre, GP surgery and primary school, and due to its size it is less likely to be able to provide for new facilities It is not accessible to high quality public transport.
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	Amber:Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

### **Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council**

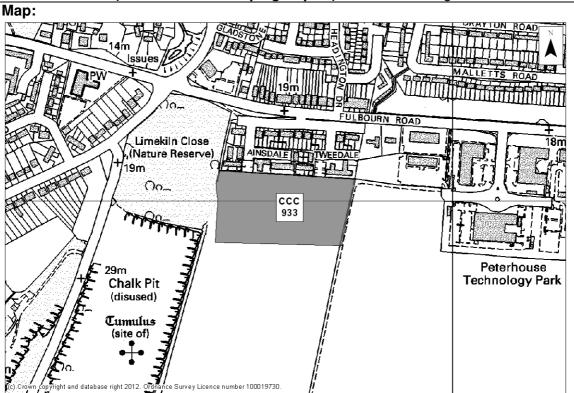
### Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

Site Information Broad Location 7- Land Between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): CC933

Site name/address: Site Option GB3 Fulbourn Road South 1 Amended

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge



Site description: Arable open field south of Fulbourn Road

Current use(s): Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Residential or employment

Site size (ha): Cambridge: 2.3 ha SCC 0.00ha

Assumed net developable area: 1.73ha (assuming 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 45dph

Potential residential capacity: 78 or mixed use including employment

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes but only as part of

larger site

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

### Relevant planning history:

Omission Site No.7 - Land Adjoining Peterhouse Technology Park (small site on northern edge of Site CC911) - The land was dismissed by the Inspector partly on lack of evidence on some issues, but more substantially on grounds that the site is open land, in the Green Belt (the boundary here is clear and firm), and outside the urban area. There was also no need for the site.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Counci	il's Sustainable Development	t Strategy (SDS)
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: No surface water issues. Development should be mindful of potential flow routes from adjacent high land.
Green Belt		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	The site is discretely located behind existing housing and is at the bottom of north facing slope and would have a minor negative effect on the purposes of Green Belt.
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: Sensitive, limited and low level development could be considered with no impact on separation.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The site is on the existing urban edge and discretely located. Sensitively designed development at the same

		contour including a
		landscape buffer would
		have limited impact on
		setting.
Key views of Cambridge /	A = Negative impact from	Amber: There are
Important views	loss or degradation of	expansive views from
	views.	higher ground to the south
		looking over the site and to
		the City and Fulbourn.
		Views could be mitigated if
		development was set at a
		similar contoured as the
		existing housing and
		landscaped.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality	Amber: The existing garden
Contigreen eage to the Oity	edge / negative impacts but	boundary, green edge could
	capable of mitigation	be recreated and improved
	capable of fillingation	on within a landscape buffer
		•
Distinctive when adea	Cross No effect on	area. Green: No effect on
Distinctive urban edge	Green: No effect on	
Croop corridore popetrating	distinctive urban edge.	distinctive urban edge. Green: There would be no
Green corridors penetrating	G = No loss of land forming	
into the City	part of a green corridor /	loss of land associated with
	significant opportunities for	a green corridor.
	enhancement through	
	creation of a new green	
	corridor	
The distribution, physical	G = No impacts or minor	Green: there would be no
separation, setting, scale	impacts capable of	impact on Green Belt
and character of Green Belt	mitigation	villages.
villages (SCDC only)		
A landscape which has a	G = No impacts or impacts	Green: The site is to the
strongly rural character		Lucat of the Tachnalagu
	capable of mitigation	west of the Technology
	capable of mitigation	Park and not strongly rural
	capable of mitigation	
	capable of mitigation	Park and not strongly rural
	capable of mitigation	Park and not strongly rural
	capable of mitigation	Park and not strongly rural
		Park and not strongly rural in character.
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were
		Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature Criteria	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature of Criteria Would allocation impact	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance  A = Site is on or adjacent to	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments Amber (subject to
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature Criteria Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance  A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments  Amber (subject to mitigation): 30m from
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature of Criteria Would allocation impact	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance  A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative impacts capable of	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments Amber (subject to
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature Criteria Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance  A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments  Amber (subject to mitigation): 30m from
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature Criteria  Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance  A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative impacts capable of mitigation	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments  Amber (subject to mitigation): 30m from
Overall conclusion on Green Belt  Impact on national Nature Criteria  Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts  Conservation Designations  Performance  A = Site is on or adjacent to an SSSI with negative impacts capable of mitigation	Park and not strongly rural in character.  Amber: If development were restricted low level and at the 20m contour, it could be suitably mitigated and therefore have a low impact on the Green Belt.  Comments  Amber (subject to mitigation): 30m from

Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: No
a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	
Monument (SAM)?		
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	
	there is no impact to the	
	setting of such buildings	
Part B: Deliverability and V		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: Site is not allocated
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	/ identified or a mineral or
and Waste LDF?	area.	
and waste LDF:	area.	waste management use
		through the adopted
		Minerals and Waste Core
		Strategy or Site Specific
		Proposals Plan. It does not
		fall within a Minerals
		Safeguarding Area; a
		Waste Water Treatment
		Works or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or	the 32	buildings, structures and
` '		
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 50ft
la thawa a suitable assault	A Managaritha maiting ations	(15.2m) in height
Is there a suitable access to	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Technically it would
the site?		be possible to provide
		access, but the site does
		not abut the adopted public
		highway and third part land
		appears to lie between it
		and the highway through
		the car parks of either
		Ainsdale or Tweedale,
		which has some internal
		problems of its own.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of
the local highway capacity:	appropriate mitigation.	
		appropriate mitigation.
		This site is of a scale that
		would trigger the need for a
		Transportation Assessment
		(TA) and Travel Plan (TP),
		regardless of the need for a
		full Environmental Impact
		Assessment.
		S106 contributions and
		mitigation measures will be
		<u> </u>

		required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: With regard to the A14 the Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.

Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site. Along with the neighbouring Site CC932 it forms a small part of Site CC911 which is closely related to South Cambs SHLAA Sites SC111 and SC283 to the east.
		The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities and provide a better opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community. However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area.
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green: No Site owners will need to confirm this consideration.
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: SHLAA Call for Sites 2011 – Bidwells submission on behalf of developer/ landowner - The first dwellings to be completed on site 2011-16. This comment relates to the whole of SC911. Confirmation is required regarding this part of the site and whether it will form part of a much larger site. Not clear which part will be brought forward first in 2011-16 therefore Amber score to reflect possible delay to delivery.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: County Education comments awaited. Expect appropriate education provision to be made. For

smaller sites this is likely to	
be off site.	

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing ce		
Criteria How far is the site from the	Performance	Comments Green: Site is within 400m
nearest District or Local centre?	G = <400m	(as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton High Street local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Site is between 400 and 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: No
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities	Amber: Development could feel isolated from existing community, although any issues could be overcome with good urban design and site connectivity.
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: Site is within 1km from nearest secondary school.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m  SCDC: G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Amber: Whole site is within 800m from nearest primary school (Colville & Queen Emma). Half the site is within 800m from Queen Emma Primary School
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site is too small to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is Cherry Hinton High Street. This centre is fairly large and performing well. Additional population at this site may help to support this centre.
Accessibility to outdoor fac		
Criteria Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire	Performance G=No	Green: Site is not protected open space or have the potential to be protected

Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which is		
protected only because of its		
Green Belt status).  If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space be	G=Yes	Not applicable
replaced according to CLP	G=Yes	
Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space or		
South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve any	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green: No obvious
protected open space would	site provision to adopted	constraints that prevent the
development of the site be	plan standards is provided	site providing minimum on-
able to increase the quantity and quality of publically	onsite	site provision.
accessible open space		
/outdoor sports facilities and		
achieve the minimum		
standards of onsite public		
open space provision?		
Commontina Foomania Cuar		
Supporting Economic Grov		Comments
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1km or allocation is for	Green: The site is within
employment centre?	or includes a significant	1km of an employment
	element of employment or is for another non-	centre.
	residential use	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green: Development would
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	not lead to the loss of
land identified in the	employment development	employment land identified
Employment Land Review?	employment development	in the Employment Land
Employment Land Neview:		Review.
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green: Site in Cherry
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived	Hinton LSOA 7960: 20.41
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas	(within 40% most deprived
areas or Cambridge:	(LSOA) within Cambridge	LSOA)
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport	maniple Deprivation Lord.	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green: Site is within 100m
transport service is	transport service	from a bus route. Service
accessible at the edge of		does meet the requirements
the site?		of a high quality public
		transport (HQPT).
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	Red: Site is greater than
existing or proposed train		800m from either an
station?		existing or proposed train
		station.
140	D. No eveling provision or a	Red: This side of Fulbourn
What type of cycle routes	h=No cycling provision of a	i itea. Itiis side oi i diboditi - i
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the	R=No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m	Road has no cycling

site?	width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	provision and speeds can be high and cyclists will need to cross the busy junction to join the on-road cycle lane or off-road path along Cherry Hinton Rd.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6)	Fulbourn Road
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Citi 3 service.
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	Between 31 and 40 minutes (3)	34 minutes – (Cherry Hinton, Headington Drive – Cambridge, St. Andrews Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.69km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	Green: The site is not within
an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	M11, or A14	the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be required.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air		Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.  Amber. An air quality assessment would be

Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.  Amber: Industrial /commercial uses can have odour impacts that may impact on nearby properties and will require mitigation.
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. Site adjacent to a former quarry.  The answer refers only to possible remediation. Economic viability depends on the housing market-unable to address this part.
Protecting Groundwater		'
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: No
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: No
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: No
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Rear of Ainsdale and Tweedale. An

archaeological condition is required to enable archaeological evidence to be suitably recorded prior to construction.

Making Efficient line of Land		
Making Efficient Use of Lan		Commonto
Criteria Would development load to	Performance  C. Noutral Development	Comments Green: Site on urban land.
Would development lead to the loss of the best and	G = Neutral. Development	Green. Site on urban land.
	would not affect grade 1 and 2 land.	
most versatile agricultural land?	2 Idilu.	
Would development make	R = No	Red: No
use of previously developed	TT = NO	nea. No
land (PDL)? (CITY)		
Would development make	A=No	Amber: No
use of previously developed	71-140	7411001.140
land (PDL)? (SCDC)		
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact	A = Contains or is adjacent	Amber: Site is close to a
upon a locally designated	to an existing site and	number locally designated
wildlife site i.e. (Local	impacts capable of	sites (some of which
Nature Reserve, County	appropriate mitigation	overlay each other)
Wildlife Site, City Wildlife		including Sites of Special
Site)		Scientific Interest (East Pit
		and Limekiln Hill), Local
		Nature Reserves (Cherry
		Hinton Pits, Beechwoods),
		Protected Roadside
		Verges (Worts Causeway,
		Limekiln Hill), County
		Wildlife Sites (Netherhall
		Farm).
		Site borders Limekiln Local
		Nature Reserve.
		Development could
		increase disturbance to
		site with new official or
		unofficial access.
Does the site offer	G = Development could	Green: The site is on the
opportunity for green	deliver significant new green	edge of an area identified
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure	as strategic importance for
<b>,</b>		Countywide Green
		Infrastructure and is
		proposed for landscape
		scale chalk grassland
		Restoration and creation in
		the adopted 2011
		Cambridgeshire Green
		Infrastructure strategy. The

		vision is to link up the existing isolated sites with Wandlebury, Gog Magogs, Nine Wells Local Nature Reserve and the natural green space of the Clay Farm development.
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation,	G = Development could have a positive impact by	Green: Full ecological surveys would be required
enhance native species,	enhancing existing features	in order to assess potential
and help deliver habitat	and adding new features or	impacts. Appropriate
restoration (helping to	network links	development of site could
achieve Biodiversity Action	THE WOLL WING	help realise the Green
Plan targets?)		Infrastructure Strategy
,		vision.
Are there trees on site or	G = Site does not contain or	There are no protected
immediately adjacent	adjoin any protected trees	trees on the site. Pre-
protected by a Tree		development tree survey to
Preservation Order (TPO)?		British Standard 5837 may
Amy other information not o	antique d'abaye 0	be required.

# Any other information not captured above?

Conclusions		
Cross site comparison		
Level 1 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts	Amber: - Adverse impact on Green Belt purposes
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts	Amber: -Site suffers from lack of cycling provision on the fast and busy Fulbourn Road along with difficulties with crossing a busy junction
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	Amber: Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

### Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council

Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

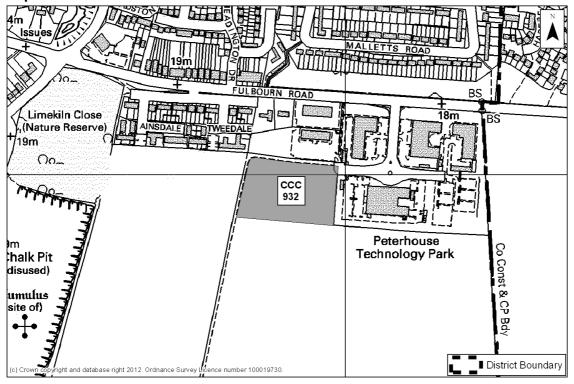
Site Information **Broad Location 7 - Land Between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road** 

Site reference number(s): CC932

Site name/address: Site Option GB4 Fulbourn Road West 2

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): South Cambridge





Site description: Arable open field south of Fulbourn Road

Current use(s): Agriculture

Proposed use(s): Employment

Site size (ha): Cambridge: 1.4 ha SCDC 0.00ha

Assumed net developable area: 1.05 (assuming 75% net )

Assumed residential density: 45 dph

Potential residential capacity: 47 but proposed use for employment instead

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes but only in context of

larger site to the south

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

## Relevant planning history:

Omission Site No.7 - Land Adjoining Peterhouse Technology Park (small site on northern edge of Site CC911) - The land was dismissed by the Inspector partly on lack of evidence on some issues, but more substantially on grounds that the site is open land, in the Green Belt (the boundary here is clear and firm), and outside the urban area. There was also no need for the site.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)		
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes	
Flood Risk		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: Site in Flood risk zone 1
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: No surface water issues. Development should be mindful of potential flow routes from adjacent high land.
Green Belt	,	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	The site is discretely located adjacent to the existing technology park and is at the bottom of north facing slope. It would have a minor negative effect on the purposes of Green Belt.
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site approx 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	G = No impact	Green: Sensitive, limited and low level development could be considered with no impact on separation
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The site is on the existing urban edge and discretely located. Sensitively designed development at the same contour including a landscape buffer would

		have limited impact on
Kanadana de Camabaida a /	A Novetive insured frame	setting.
Key views of Cambridge /	A = Negative impact from	Amber: There are
Important views	loss or degradation of	expansive views from
	views.	higher ground to the south
		looking over the site and to
		the City and Fulbourn.
		Views could be mitigated if
		development was set at a
		similar contoured as the
		existing Technology Park
		and landscaped.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality	Amber: The existing soft
	edge / negative impacts but	green edge could be
	capable of mitigation	recreated and improved on
		with a landscape buffer
		area.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on
		distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating	G = No loss of land forming	Green: There would be no
into the City	part of a green corridor /	loss of land associated with
	significant opportunities for	a green corridor.
	enhancement through	
	creation of a new green	
	corridor	
The distribution, physical	G = No impacts or minor	Green: there would be no
separation, setting, scale	impacts capable of	impact on Green Belt
and character of Green Belt	mitigation	villages.
villages (SCDC only)		
		0 7 1 1 1 1
A landscape which has a	G = No impacts or impacts	Green: The site is to the
strongly rural character	capable of mitigation	west of the technology park
		and not strongly rural in
		character.
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Amber: If development were
Green Belt	medium/minor impacts	restricted low level and at
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	the 20m contour, it could be
		suitably mitigated and
		therefore have a low impact
		on the Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature (	Conservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	A = Site is on or adjacent to	Amber (subject to
upon a Site of Special	an SSSI with negative	mitigation): 200m from
Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	impacts capable of	Cherry Hinton Pit SSSI
, , , ,	mitigation	-
Impact on National Heritage		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: No
a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	

Manument (SAM)2		
Monument (SAM)? Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	GIOGII. NO
aport Listed Buildings.	there is no impact to the	
	setting of such buildings	
Part B: Deliverability and V		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: Site is not allocated
safeguarded in the Minerals	allocated or safeguarded	/ identified or a mineral or
and Waste LDF?	area.	waste management use
		through the adopted
		Minerals and Waste Core
		Strategy or Site Specific
		Proposals Plan. It does not
		fall within a Minerals
		Safeguarding Area; a Waste Water Treatment
		Works or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Air Safeguarding
Cambridge Airport Public	the SZ	Area - No erection of
Safety Zone (PSZ) or		buildings, structures and
Safeguarding Zone?		works exceeding 50ft
		(15.2m) in height. Small
		area of site where no
		erection of buildings, structures and works
		exceeding 35ft (10.7m) in
		height.
Is there a suitable access to	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Technically it would
the site?	,	be possible to provide
		access, but the site does
		not abut the adopted public
		highway and third part land
		appears to lie between it
		and the highway; the
		internal roads to
		Peterhouse Technology Park are private and may
		not have been constructed
		to the Highway Authority's
		requirements.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of
		appropriate mitigation.
		This site is of a scale that
		would trigger the need for a
		Transportation Assessment (TA) and Travel Plan (TP),
		regardless of the need for a
		regulates of the field for a

full Environmental Impact Assessment. S106 contributions and mitigation measures will be required where appropriate. Any Cambridge Area Transport Strategy or other plans will also need to be taken into account. Would allocation of the site A = Insufficient capacity. Amber: have a significant impact on Negative effects capable of the strategic road network appropriate mitigation. With regard to the A14 the capacity? Department for Transport announced in July that the A14 improvement scheme has been added to the national roads programme. Design work is underway on a scheme that will incorporate a Huntingdon Southern Bypass, capacity enhancements along the length of the route between Milton Interchange to the North of Cambridge and Huntingdon, and the construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.

Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	A = Some impact	Amber: Yes, this site could be part of a larger site. Along with the neighbouring Site CC931 it forms a small part of Site CC911 as well as being closely related to South Cambs SHLAA Sites SC111 and SC284 to the east. Site access from public highway would need to be established.  The inclusion of additional land might also maximise development opportunities
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could	G = No	and provide a better opportunity for the formation of a sustainable community. However, it is not likely that the development of this site alone would unduly prejudice other sites because of various existing access roads in the area.  Green: No Site owners will need to
constrain development of the site?  Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	R = Beyond 2031 (beyond plan period) A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 G = Start of construction	Not applicable as employment use
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	between 2011 and 2016  A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	R = School capacity not sufficient, constraints cannot be appropriately mitigated. A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated G = Non-residential development / surplus school places	Not applicable as employment use

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Approximately 20% of the site is within 400m and the remainder within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton High Street local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?  Would development lead to	A = 400-800m  G = Development would not	Amber: Site is between 400 and 800m from nearest health centre or GP service.  Green: No
a loss of community facilities?	lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	NI/A an appropriate was and
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses  A = Adequate scope for integration with existing	N/A as employment development
	communities  G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community	
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: Site is within 1km from nearest secondary school.
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference: A = 400-800m  SCDC:	Amber: Whole site is within 800m from nearest primary school (Colville & Queen Emma).
	G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site is too small to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centre is

viability of Cambridge,		Cherry Hinton High Street.
Town, District and Local		This centre is fairly large and
Centres?		performing well. Additional
		population at this site may
		help to support this centre.
Accessibility to outdoor fac	cilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in	G=No	Green: Site in not protected
the loss of land protected by	G-NO	open space or has the
Cambridge Local Plan policy		•
4/2 or South Cambridgeshire		potential to be protected
Development Control policy		
SF/9? (excluding land which is		
protected only because of its		
Green Belt status).		
If the site is protected open	R=No	Not applicable
space can the open space be	G=Yes	
replaced according to CLP	a-100	
Local Plan policy 4/2		
Protection of Open Space or		
South Cambridgeshire		
Development Control policy		
SF/9 (for land in South		
Cambridgeshire)?		
If the site does not involve any	G = Assumes minimum on-	Green: No obvious constraints
protected open space would	site provision to adopted	that prevent the site providing
development of the site be	plan standards is provided	full on-site provision.
able to increase the quantity	onsite	
and quality of publically		
accessible open space		
/outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum		
standards of onsite public		
open space provision?		
open opace provision.		
<b>Supporting Economic Grov</b>	vth	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main	G = <1km or allocation is for	Green: The site is within 1km
employment centre?	or includes a significant	of an employment centre.
	element of employment or	' '
	is for another non-	
	residential use	
Would development result	G = No loss of employment	Green: Development would
in the loss of employment	land / allocation is for	not lead to the loss of
land identified in the	employment development	employment land identified in
	employment development	the Employment Land Review.
Employment Land Review? Would allocation result in	G - Within or adjacent to	
	G = Within or adjacent to	Green: Site in Cherry Hinton
development in deprived	the 40% most deprived	LSOA 7960: 20.41 (within
areas of Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas	40% most deprived LSOA)
	(LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green: Accessible to HQPT
transport service is	transport service	as defined. Site is within 400m

		r
accessible at the edge of the site?		of other bus services that link the site to the City Centre and other areas.
How far is the site from an existing or proposed train	R = >800m A = 400 - 800m	Red: Site is greater than 800m from either an existing or
station?	G = <400m	proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes are accessible near to the site?	R=No cycling provision or a cycle lane less than 1.5m width with medium volume of traffic. Having to cross a busy junction with high cycle accident rate to access local facilities/school. Poor quality off road path.	Red: This side of Fulbourn Road has no cycling provision and speeds can be high and cyclists will need to cross the busy junction to join the on- road cycle lane or off-road path along Cherry Hinton Rd.
SCDC Would development reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable transport choices:	GG = Score 19-24 from 4 criteria below	Total Score = 21
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance to a bus stop / rail station	Within 400m (6)	Fulbourn Road
SCDC Sub-indicator: Frequency of Public Transport	10 minute service or better (6)	Citi 3 service.
SCDC Sub-Indicator: Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge City Centre	Between 31 and 40 minutes (3)	34 minutes – (Cherry Hinton, Headington Drive – Cambridge, St. Andrews Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator: Distance for cycling to City Centre	Up to 5km (6)	3.85km ACF
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to an AQMA, the M11 or the A14?	G = >1000m of an AQMA, M11, or A14	Green: The site is not within the Air Quality Management Area and more than 1,000 metres from an AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of the site result in an adverse impact/worsening of air quality?	A = Adverse impact	Amber. An Air Quality Assessment will be required.
Are there potential noise and vibration problems if	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate	Amber: Site adjoins Peterhouse Technology Park.
the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	mitigation	Some industrial and commercial uses and
		associated plant may impact on adjacent commercial properties and residential.

		This will require assessment and mitigation
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Some Industrial/commercial uses are likely to have security and floodlighting which will require assessment and mitigation.
		Other agencies should be consulted regarding the impact on wild life, night sky and the County Council regarding impact on public highways.
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	A = Adverse impacts capable of adequate mitigation	Amber: Some industrial /commercial uses can have odour impacts that may impact on nearby properties and will require mitigation.
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: A contamination assessment is required. The site is adjacent to an industrial/commercial estate.  The answer refers only to possible remediation. Economic viability depends on the housing market-unable to address this part.
Protecting Groundwater		address triis part.
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be within a source protection zone?	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: No
Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.		

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: No
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	Green: No

upon a Conservation Area?	adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: No
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: Peterhouse Technology Park. An archaeological condition is required to enable archaeological evidence to be suitably recorded prior to construction.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	G = Neutral. Development would not affect grade 1 and 2 land.	Green: Approximately 80% of site is on urban land with the remainder approximately split equally between Grade 2 and Grade 3 land.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber: No
Biodiversity and Green Infra		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Site is close to a number locally designated sites (some of which overlay each other) including Sites of Special Scientific Interest (East Pit and Limekiln Hill), Local Nature Reserves (Cherry Hinton Pits, Beechwoods), Protected Roadside Verges (Worts Causeway, Limekiln Hill), County Wildlife Sites (Netherhall Farm).
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	G = Development could deliver significant new green infrastructure	Green: The site is on the edge of an area identified as strategic importance for Countywide Green Infrastructure and is proposed for landscape scale chalk grassland Restoration and creation in

Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links	the adopted 2011 Cambridgeshire Green Infrastructure strategy. The vision is to link up the existing isolated sites with Wandlebury, Gog Magogs, Nine Wells Local Nature Reserve and the natural green space of the Clay Farm development. Green: Full ecological surveys would be required in order to assess potential impacts. Appropriate development of site could help realise the Green Infrastructure Strategy vision.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green: There are no protected trees on the site. Pre-development tree survey to British Standard 5837 may be required.

# Any other information not captured above?

Conclusions				
Cross site comparison				
<b>Level 1 Conclusion</b> (after allowing scope for	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts	Amber: - Adverse impact on Green		
mitigation)	·	Belt purposes		
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts	Amber: -Site suffers from lack of cycling provision on the fast and busy Fulbourn		
		Road along with difficulties with crossing a busy junction		
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)	Amber: Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)		
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants		

### **Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council**

### Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

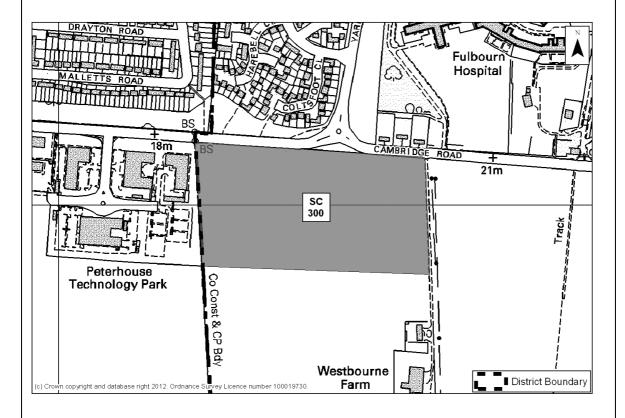
Site Information Broad Location No. 7 Land between Babraham Road and Fulbourn Road

Site reference number(s): SC300

Site name/address: Site Option GB5 Fulbourn Road East

Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): N/A In SCDC

Map:



**Site description:** Arable open fields and chalk grassland south of Fulbourn Road to the north of the Gog Magog Hills

Current use(s): Agricultural land Proposed use(s): Employment

Site size (ha): 6.92 South Cambridgeshire: 6.92ha Cambridge: 0.0 ha
Assumed net developable area: 5.19 (assuming 50% net or 75% net)

Assumed residential density: 40dph

Potential residential capacity: 208 but being put forward for employment.

Site owner/promoter: Owner known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes but only in context of larger

site

Site origin: Green Belt Site Assessment 2012

#### Relevant planning history:

Cambridge Local Plan Inspectors Report

2006: Omission Site No.5 - Netherall Farm (south-west corner of Site CC911) - The Inspector rejected the inclusion of the site because:

- it is a large area of open land within Green Belt, outside built up area which was not needed for housing supply.
- He also raised the importance of several views and setting of the City, and lack of screening.
- It was also said to not have the advantages of the Southern Fringe, and not related to Addenbrookes to justify it.

The Inspector did however say the site is a sustainable location with respect to access to services and employment and no objections on infrastructure grounds or difficulties with building communities.

Omission Site No.7 - Land Adjoining Peterhouse Technology Park (small site on northern edge of Site CC911) - The land was dismissed by the Inspector partly on lack of evidence on some issues, but more substantially on grounds that the site is open land, in the Green Belt (the boundary here is clear and firm), and outside the urban area. There was also no need for the site.

No relevant planning applications for residential use.

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)				
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments		
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes			
Flood Risk	,			
Criteria	Performance	Comments		
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green: The location lies entirely within Flood Risk Zone 1 (the lowest level of river flood risk).		
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	G = Low risk	Green: No surface water issues. Development should be mindful of potential flow routes from adjacent high land.		
Green Belt				
Criteria	Performance	Comments		
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?	See below	The site is located adjacent to the existing technology park and is at the bottom of north facing slope. It would have a minor negative effect on the purposes of Green Belt.		
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site just over 5km	Red: Development would extend the urban edge eastward and would have a impact on compactness.		

core		
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would take the urban edge closer to Fulbourn.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: There are no views to or direct associations with the collegiate or historic core from this area. Sensitive, limited and low level development which included landscape and matched the contours of the Peterhouse Technology Park would limit impact on setting.
Key views of Cambridge / Important views	A = Negative impact from loss or degradation of views.	Amber: There are expansive views from the south looking over the site to the City and Fulbourn as well as views from the east towards the City. Views could be mitigated if development limited and were similarly contoured as the existing adjacent Technology Park.
Soft green edge to the City	A = Existing lesser quality edge / negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: Areas to north of Fulbourn Road slightly degrade existing edge. Soft green edge could be enhanced and improved on.
Distinctive urban edge	G = Not present	Green: No effect on distinctive urban edge.
Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: There would be no loss of land associated with a recognised green corridor.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	G = No impacts or minor impacts capable of mitigation	Amber: Development would take the urban edge closer to Fulbourn Hospital and might impact that part of the village.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Negative impacts but capable of partial mitigation	Amber: The site has a rural character. Its development would have a negative impact on its character.
Overall conclusion on	A = Medium and	Amber: If development were

Green Belt	medium/minor impacts	confined to the 20m
		contour, it could be suitably
		mitigated and therefore
		have a low impact on the
		Green Belt.
Impact on national Nature (		0
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact	G = Site is not near to an	Green: Site is not near to an
upon a Site of Special	SSSI with no or negligible	SSSI with no or negligible
Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	impacts	impacts
Impact on National Heritage		Common orași
Criteria	Performance	Croom Site is not an ar
Will allocation impact upon	G = Site is not on or	Green: Site is not on or
a Scheduled Ancient	adjacent to a SAM	adjacent to a SAM
Monument (SAM)?	C. Cita daga not contain or	Green: Site does not
Would development impact	G = Site does not contain or	
upon Listed Buildings?	adjoin such buildings, and	contain or adjoin such
	there is no impact to the	buildings, and there is no
	setting of such buildings	impact to the setting of such buildings
Part B: Deliverability and V	iability Critoria	bullulings
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site allocated or	G = Site is not within an	Green: This site does not
safeguarded in the Minerals		fall within a Minerals
and Waste LDF?	allocated or safeguarded area.	Safeguarding Area; a
and waste LDF!	area.	WWTW or Transport Zone
		Safeguarding Area; or a
		Minerals or Waste
		Consultation Area.
		Consultation Area.
		The adopted Core Strategy,
		Policy CS16, identifies
		Cambridge south as a
		Broad Location for a new
		Household Recycling
		Centre (HRC). Part of this
		area falls within this broad
		location. Policy CS16
		requires major
		developments to contribute
		to the provision of HRCs,
		consistent with the adopted
		RECAP Waste
		Management Guide.
		Contributions may be
		required in the form of land
		and / or capital payments.
		This outstanding
		infrastructure deficit for an
		HRC must be addressed,
		such infrastructure is a
		strategic priority in the
		NPPF.
Is the site located within the	A = Site or part of site within	Amber: Approximately 95%

Cambridge Airport Public	SZ	of site is within SZ 'Any
Safety Zone (PSZ) or	32	Structure greater than 15m
Safeguarding Zone?		AGL' and the remainder in SZ
Saleguarding Zone:		'Any Structure greater than
		10m AGL'
Is there a suitable access to	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Yes with mitigation
the site?	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Technically it would be
		possible to provide access.
		The internal roads to
		Peterhouse Technology
		Park are private and may
		not have been constructed
		to the Highway Authority's
		requirements.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber:
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Insufficient capacity.
the local highway capacity?	appropriate mitigation.	Negative effects capable of
		appropriate mitigation.
		This site is of a scale that
		would trigger the need for a
		Transportation Assessment
		(TA) and Travel Plan (TP),
		regardless of the need for a
		full Environmental Impact
		Assessment.
		S106 contributions and
		mitigation measures will be
		required where appropriate.
		Any Cambridge Area
		Transport Strategy or other
		plans will also need to be
		taken into account.
Would allocation of the site	A = Insufficient capacity.	Amber: Insufficient capacity.
have a significant impact on	Negative effects capable of	Negative effects capable of
the strategic road network	appropriate mitigation.	appropriate mitigation
capacity?	appropriate miligation.	appropriate miligation
capacity:		With regard to the A14 the
		Department for Transport
		announced in July that the
		A14 improvement scheme
		has been added to the
		national roads programme.
		Design work is underway on
		a scheme that will
		incorporate a Huntingdon
		Southern Bypass, capacity
		enhancements along the
		length of the route between
		Milton Interchange to the
		North of Cambridge and
		Huntingdon, and the

		construction of parallel local access roads to enable the closure of minor junctions onto the A14. The main impact, in relation to Grange Farm and other potential Local Plan sites, is that existing capacity constraints on the A14 between Cambridge and Huntingdon will be removed. The funding package and delivery programme for the scheme is still to be confirmed, and major development in the Cambridge area, which will benefit from the enhanced capacity, will undoubtedly be required to contribute towards the scheme costs, either directly or through the Community Infrastructure Levy. The earliest construction start would be 2018, with delivery by the mid-2020s being possible.
Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green: Site CC300 closely related to South Cambs SHLAA Sites SC111, SC283 and SC284. Site SC300 could be accessed off of Fulbourn Road as a free standing development.
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green: Not aware of any legal issues/covenants
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	R = Beyond 2031 (beyond plan period) A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031 G = Start of construction between 2011 and 2016	Not applicable as being suggested as employment site
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Improvements to utilities required. The developer will need to liaise with the relevant service provider/s to determine the

		appropriate utility infrastructure provision.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	R = School capacity not sufficient, constraints cannot be appropriately mitigated. A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated G = Non-residential development / surplus school places	Not applicable as employment use

Level 2		
Accessibility to existing centres and services		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Approximately 50% of the site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton High Street local centre.
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: Approximately 50% of the site is within 400-800m (as the crow flies) of Cherry Hinton Medical Centre, 34 Fishers Lane, Cherry Hinton, CB1 4HR
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities
How well would the development on the site integrate with existing communities?	R = Limited scope for integration with existing communities / isolated and/or separated by non-residential land uses  A = Adequate scope for integration with existing communities  G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community	N/A as employment development
How far is the nearest secondary school?	A = 1-3km	Amber: Site is between 1- 3km from Coleridge Community College, Radegund Road, CB1 3RJ, St.Bedes Inter-Church School, Birdwood Road,

How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference:  A = 400-800m	CB1 3TB and Netherhall School, Queen Ediths Way, CB1 4NN Amber: Approximately 65% of site is within 800m from Colville School, Colville
	SCDC:  G = <1km or non housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Road, CB1 9EJ
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local Centres?	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green: The site would be large enough to support a new Local Centre. The nearest Local Centres at Wulfstan Way and Cherry Hinton High Street are further than 800m from the site. The distance to these centres and the potential size of the new population if the site was brought forward would merit a new Local Centre, which would be unlikely to have an impact on the existing hierarchy.
Accessibility to outdoor fac	cilities and green spaces	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=No	Green: Site in not protected open space or has the potential to be protected
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	The site owner must provide details of how this can be achieved
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically	G = Assumes minimum on- site provision to adopted plan standards is provided onsite	Green: No obvious constraints that prevent the site providing minimum onsite provision.

accessible open space /outdoor sports facilities and		
achieve the minimum standards of onsite public		
open space provision?		
open space provided		
Supporting Economic Grov	vth	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	G = <1km or allocation is for or includes a significant element of employment or is for another non- residential use	Green: Site is within 1km of an employment centre
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green: Development would not lead to the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review
Would allocation result in development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	A = Not within or adjacent to the 40% most deprived Super Output Areas within Cambridge according to the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2010.	Amber: Site in Fulbourn LSOA 8243: 11.41
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green: Accessible to HQPT
transport service is accessible at the edge of	transport service	as defined. Site is within 400m of other bus services
the site?		that link the site to the City
the site.		Centre and other areas.
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	Red: Site is beyond 800m
existing or proposed train		from either an existing or
station?		proposed train station.
What type of cycle routes	RR = no cycling provision	Red Red: This side of
are accessible near to the	and traffic speeds >30mph	Fulbourn Road has no
site?	with high vehicular traffic volume.	cycling provision and speeds can be high and
	volume.	cyclists will need to cross
		the busy junction to join the
		on-road cycle lane or off-
		road path along Cherry Hinton Rd.
0000 W		T
SCDC Would development	GG = Score 19-24 from 4	Total Score = 21
reduce the need to travel and promote sustainable	criteria below	
transport choices:		
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Within 400m (6)	Fulbourn Road
Distance to a bus stop / rail station		
Distance to a bus stop / rail	10 minute service or better	Citi 3 service.

Transport		
SCDC Sub-Indicator:	Between 31 and 40 minutes	35 minutes – (Cherry
Typical public transport	(3)	Hinton, Yarrow Road –
journey time to Cambridge		Cambridge, St. Andrews
City Centre		Street)
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	4.26km ACF
Distance for cycling to City	op to o (o)	1120111117101
Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta	mination and noise	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	G = >1000m of an AQMA,	Green: Major Development
an AQMA, the M11 or the	M11, or A14	Environmental Impact
A14?		Assessment required to
		assess likely major
		transport impact. Outside
		the Air Quality Management
		Area but air quality
		assessment required.
		More than 1000m from an
		AQMA, M11 or A14.
Would the development of	A = Adverse impact	Amber: The development
the site result in an adverse		will have a adverse impact
impact/worsening of air		on air quality and the AQMA
quality?		due to major transport
		impact. An air quality
		assessment is essential.
Are there potential noise	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: Some industrial and
and vibration problems if	capable of adequate	commercial uses and
the site is developed, as a	mitigation	associated plant may impact on adjacent
receptor or generator?		commercial properties and
		near by residential. This will
		require assessment and
		mitigation
		miligation
Are there potential light	A = Adverse impacts	Amber:
pollution problems if the site	capable of adequate	Industrial/commercial uses
is developed, as a receptor	mitigation	are likely to have security
or generator?	g	and floodlighting which will
gerrer and r		require assessment and
		mitigation.
		Ü
		Other agencies should be
		consulted regarding the
		impact on wild life, night sky
		and the County Council
		regarding impact on public
		highways.
Are there potential odour	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: Some industrial
problems if the site is	capable of adequate	/commercial uses can have
developed, as a receptor or	mitigation	odour impacts that may
generator?		impact on nearby properties
		and will require mitigation.

Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site partially within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination, or capable of remediation appropriate to proposed development	Amber: The site has former potentially contaminative activities. Further contamination assessment is required.	
Protecting Groundwater	Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Would development be within a source protection zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause pollution in the area.	G = Not within SPZ1 or allocation is for greenspace	Green: Not within SPZ1 or allocation	

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a historic park/garden?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area
Would development impact upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area
Would development impact upon buildings of local interest (Cambridge only)	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings
Would development impact upon archaeology?	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: National Grid Reference (centred) Significant prehistoric sites known on the chalk south of Cherry Hinton Road: former site of 'War Ditches' Iron Age hill fort was partially excavated in early 20thC ahead of clunch extraction on Lime Kiln Road (Monuments in Cambridge - MCB5999). Evidence of a

massacre at the site. Cropmarks of Bronze Age round barrow groups (burial mounds), now ploughed flat, are evident in several places in this allocation area (eg MCBs 3446, 6004, 13462 and those excavated in advance of Peterhouse Technology Park ECB357 (ECB – Events Cambridge), Field scatters
allocation area (eg MCBs 3446, 6004, 13462 and
advance of Peterhouse Technology Park ECB357
Cambridge). Field scatters of prehistoric stone implements throughout.
Worsted Street Roman Road (part of Via Devana - Godmanchester to
Colchester Ro Rd) traverses the site and lis likely to have road side settlements along its route.
A programme of archaeological works should be undertaken prior
to the submission of any planning application.

Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	A = Minor loss of grade 1 and 2 land	Amber: Approximately 70% of site on Grade 2 land, 30% on urban land but resulting loss would be less than 20ha.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	A = Contains or is adjacent to an existing site and impacts capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Area is adjacent to a number locally designated sites (some of which overlay each other) including Sites of Special Scientific Interest (East Pit and Limekiln Hill), Local Nature Reserves (Cherry Hinton Pits, Beechwoods), Protected Roadside Verges (Worts

		Causeway, Limekiln Hill), County Wildlife Sites			
		(Netherhall Farm).			
Does the site offer	G = Development could	Green: The whole site is of			
opportunity for green	deliver significant new green	strategic importance for			
infrastructure delivery?	infrastructure	Countywide Green			
imastractare activery:	imastractare	Infrastructure and is			
		proposed for landscape			
		scale chalk grassland			
		Restoration and creation in			
		the adopted 2011			
		Cambridgeshire Green			
		Infrastructure strategy. The			
		vision is to link up the			
		existing isolated sites with			
		Wandlebury, Gog Magogs,			
		Nine Wells Local Nature			
		Reserve and the natural			
		green space of the Clay			
		Farm development.			
Would development reduce	G = Development could	Green: Species of			
habitat fragmentation,	have a positive impact by	particular note currently			
enhance native species,	enhancing existing features	known on or adjacent to			
and help deliver habitat	and adding new features or	the site include a breeding			
restoration (helping to	network links	Schedule 1 bird species,			
achieve Biodiversity Action		Barbastelle Bat, Glow			
Plan targets?)		Worm, Grape Hyacinth,			
		Moon Carrot, White			
		Helloborine, Grey			
		Partridge, Corn Bunting,			
		and Brown Hare. A large-			
		scale habitat creation			
		scheme could benefit			
		these and other species.			
		Full ecological surveys			
		would be required in order			
		to assess potential			
		impacts. Appropriate			
		development at base of			
		slope may help realise Green Infrastructure vision.			
Are there trees on site or	G = Site does not contain or	Green: There are no Tree			
immediately adjacent		Preservation Orders on or			
protected by a Tree	adjoin any protected trees	near the site.			
Preservation Order (TPO)?					
Any other information not of	captured above?				
	Any other information not captured above:				
Conclusions					
Cross site comparison					
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:			
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	- Adverse impact on Green			
mitigation)		Belt purposes			
Level 2 Conclusion (after	A = Some constraints or	Amber:			
allowing scope for	adverse impacts	-Site suffers from lack of			

Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some	cycling provision on the fast and busy Fulbourn Road along with difficulties with crossing a busy junction. This would however be capable of mitigation.  Amber: - Site with development
	constraints or adverse impacts)	potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable	Sites ranked A or G will be taken forward for viability assessment by consultants

## **Cambridge City Council / South Cambridgeshire District Council**

## Green Belt Site and Sustainability Appraisal Assessment Proforma

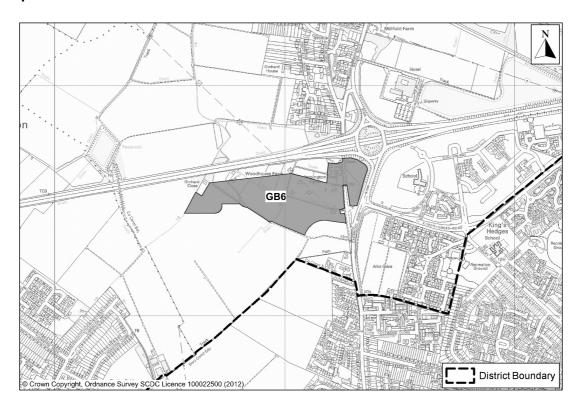
Site Information Broad Location 10 Land between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road

Site reference number(s): SC298 (part)

Site name/address: Site Option GB6 Land south of the A14 and west of Cambridge Road

## Functional area (taken from SA Scoping Report): City only (North)

#### Map:



### Site description:

The land lies between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road, to the south of A14 and north of the allocated NIAB development on the edge of the city (the NIAB1 and NIAB2 sites). The map shows the area proposed for additional built development which is comprised of two farms, set within grassland and small areas of woodland, to the north east adjoining Histon Road.

The landowners also control the NIAB2 site to the south and the open agricultural land to the north west. They intend to master plan any new allocation in this location with the existing NIAB2 site. The open agricultural land which separates the NIAB 1 and NIAB2 sites from Girton is to be retained as Green Belt in their proposals and used as new public open space to serve the area, which will retain the views across the western part of the site to the historic core of Cambridge.

This assessment is concerned only with the area proposed for built development to the north east between Histon Road and the A14.

#### Current use(s):

Agricultural.

## Proposed use(s):

Residential and commercial (approximately 2.9ha could be for commercial purposes where it adjoins Histon Road and the A14 junction).

Site size (ha): 12.6ha

Assumed net developable area: 8.98 Assumed residential density: 40dph

Potential residential capacity: 132 dwellings

This capacity figure assumes that residential development is confined to the area outside of the Air Quality Management Area (AQMA), which is an area of 4.398ha. Note that the proposers representation refers to between 360 dwellings with commercial development and 447 dwellings with no commercial development.

Site owner/promoter: Known

Landowner has agreed to promote site for development?: Yes

Site origin: Other (2012 Issues and Options consultation)

#### Relevant planning history:

The 2009 Site Specific Policies Plan (SSP) Inspector considered this location when deciding the appropriate extent of NIAB2. "The most relevant principles... are those concerned with the maintenance of views of the historic core of Cambridge, providing green separation between the urban expansion and existing settlements, and protecting green corridors. ..... Some land could be released, retaining other parts to fulfil Green Belt purposes." The allocation of NIAB2 in the SSP Plan reflected the Inspectors' conclusions on Green Belt significance.

### Level 1

## **Part A: Strategic Considerations**

A		A	's Sustainable De\	
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	<b>─</b> ''''		2 Chronollianie mer	

Conformity with the Council's Sustainable Development Strategy (SDS)			
Criteria	Performance (fill with relevant colour R G B or RR R A G GG etc and retain only chosen score text)	Comments	
Is the site within an area that has been identified as suitable for development in the SDS?	R = No G = Yes		
Flood Risk			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
Is site within a flood zone?	G = Flood risk zone 1	Green:	
Is site at risk from surface water flooding?	A = Medium risk	Amber: Site subject to surface water flood risk but capable of mitigation.	
Green Belt			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
What effect would the development of this site have on Green Belt purposes, and other matters important to the special character of Cambridge and setting?			

Γ=		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
To preserve the unique character of Cambridge as a compact and dynamic City with a thriving historic core	Distance from edge of the defined City Centre in Kilometres to approximate centre of site: 2.33km ACF	Amber: The site lies approximately 2300m from the historic Centre. The development site is large, open and gently sloping down towards the A14 to the north.
To prevent communities in the environs of Cambridge from merging into one another and with the City.	A = Some impact, but capable of mitigation	Amber: The development of the whole site would bring built development closer to Impington on the west of Histon Road. Retention of hedges and woodland and a set back of the development from Cambridge Road and the A14 would provide mitigation. Orchard Park to the east already being developed.
To maintain and enhance the quality of the setting of Cambridge	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The proposed development site would effectively reduce the green setting for the city when viewed from the A14 opposite the site.  Green:
Key views of Cambridge /	G = No or negligible impact	Green:
I Important Views	ON VIEWS	
Soft green edge to the City  Distinctive urban edge	on views  R = Existing high quality edge, significant negative impacts incapable of mitigation.	Red: The development would impact on the existing soft green edge to the city. Views into the site are currently of farmland, hedgerows, woodland and farm buildings. This soft green edge would be lost alongside the A14 where it would be replaced by a more formal green edge with landscaped soil bunds planted with trees and hedgerows. The soft edge would be retained to Cambridge Road. Whilst the character of the existing edge would not be retained, the landscape impact of a partial development of the site would be limited by a setback of development away from the A14 and Cambridge Road and retention of hedgerows and woodland.

Green corridors penetrating into the City	G = No loss of land forming part of a green corridor / significant opportunities for enhancement through creation of a new green corridor	Green: The proposed development site would not affect Green Corridors.
The distribution, physical separation, setting, scale and character of Green Belt villages (SCDC only)	A= Negative impacts but capable of mitigation	Amber: The development of the whole site would bring built development closer to Impington on the west of Histon Road and would risk effectively connecting Impington to Cambridge to the south and east, forming a continuous block of development. Retention of hedges and woodland and a set back of the development from Histon Road and the A14 could provide mitigation. Orchard Park to the east already being developed.
A landscape which has a strongly rural character	A = Medium and medium/minor impacts	Amber: The landscape is open and rural, despite adjoining the A14 to the north. The skyline is currently formed by hedges and trees with only limited development visible at Wellbrook Way.
Overall conclusion on Green Belt	A = Minor and Minor/Negligible impacts	Amber: Development at this site would have negative impacts on the green belt purposes but mitigation possible.
Impact on national Nature C	onservation Designations	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would allocation impact upon a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)?	G = Site is not near to an SSSI with no or negligible impacts	Green:
Impact on National Heritage		0
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Will allocation impact upon a Scheduled Ancient Monument (SAM)?	G = Site is not on or adjacent to a SAM	Green:
Would development impact upon Listed Buildings?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green: Girton College listed Grade II* lies over 400m from the site and is separated from it by suburban housing. Impington Farm consists of a group of three former farm buildings located tight in the corner formed by the old

Part B: Deliverability and other Criteria	Performance	Cambridge Road and the A14. The farmhouse may be of sufficient interest to list.  Comments
Is there a suitable access to the site?	A = Yes, with mitigation	Amber: Access would be onto internal roads in the NIAB1 and NIAB2 sites which will link to both Histon Road and Huntingdon Road. Highways Authority have concerns about how cycle provision would be dealt with.
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the local highway capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity.  Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber:
Would allocation of the site have a significant impact on the strategic road network capacity?	A = Insufficient capacity. Negative effects capable of appropriate mitigation.	Amber: The Highways Agency have not commented on this site. Regarding sites elsewhere close to the A14 they have commented that such sites are likely to be well integrated with Cambridge though clearly there could be some additional pressure on M11 and A14. It can be expected that this development would generate pressure on the A14 corridor, particularly to and from employment along the northern fringe of Cambridge. Limitations on the county's network could result in localised diversionary trips on the A14 and M11 and may limit the capacity of these routes to accommodate new development. Conversely, this location is likely to be able to be served by public transport or non-motorised modes. Transport modelling needs to be undertaken as part of the overall spatial strategy work to understand the implications as a whole of further development on the transport network.

Is the site part of a larger site and could it prejudice development of any strategic sites?	G = No impact	Green:
Are there any known legal issues/covenants that could constrain development of the site?	G = No	Green:
Timeframe for bringing the site forward for development?	A = Start of construction between 2017 and 2031	Amber: The phasing of development between Histon Road and Huntingdon Road if this site were to be allocated will need careful consideration of access points and the avoidance of construction traffic passing through residential areas.
Would development of the site require significant new / upgraded utility infrastructure?	A = Yes, significant upgrades likely to be required, constraints capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber: Electricity - Significant reinforcement and new network required. Pylon line crosses the site. Mains water - The site falls within the Cambridge distribution zone of the Cambridge Water Company (CWC), within which there is a minimum spare capacity of 3,000 properties based on the peak day for the distribution zone, less any commitments already made to developers. There is insufficient spare capacity within the Cambridge distribution zone to supply the total number of proposed properties which could arise if all the SHLAA sites within the zone were to be developed. CWC will allocate spare capacity on a first come first served basis. Development requiring an increase in capacity of the zone will require either an upgrade to existing boosters and/or a new storage reservoir, tower or booster plus associated mains. Gas – Cambridge is connected to the national gas grid. A development of this scale would require

		substantial network reinforcement. Mains sewerage - There is sufficient capacity at the Cambridge works to accommodate this development site. The sewerage network is approaching capacity and a pre-development assessment will be required to ascertain the specific capacity of the system with regards to this site. If any mitigation is deemed necessary this will be funded by the developer.
Would development of the site be likely to require new education provision?	A = School capacity not sufficient, constraints can be appropriately mitigated	Amber: After allowing for surplus school places, development of this site would be likely to require an increase in school planned admission numbers, which may require the expansion of existing schools and/or provision of new schools. A full assessment will be required. Providing sufficient school capacity may have knock-on implications for the site area and floor space requirements of the primary and secondary schools planned for between Huntingdon Road and Histon Road.
Is the site allocated or safeguarded in the Minerals and Waste LDF?	A = Site or a significant part of it falls within an allocated or safeguarded area, development would have minor negative impacts	Amber: The majority of this site falls within the Minerals Safeguarding Area for sand and gravel. However, given the size of the site and its proximity to sensitive uses i.e. residential development, it is unlikely to be worked as an economic resource. If the site is allocated and developed any mineral extracted should be used in a sustainable manner.  Site is not allocated / identified for a mineral or waste management use through the adopted

		Minerals and Waste Core Strategy or Site Specific Proposals Plan. It does not fall within a WWTW* or Transport Zone Safeguarding Area; or a Minerals or Waste Consultation Area.
Is the site located within the Cambridge Airport Public Safety Zone (PSZ) or Safeguarding Zone?	A = Site or part of site within the SZ	Amber: Location within a zone will not in itself prevent development, it depends upon the nature of the development and its height. No erection of buildings, structures or works exceeding 90m/295ft in height.

Level 2			
Accessibility to existing centres and services			
Criteria	Performance	Comments	
How far is the site from the nearest District or Local centre?	A = 400-800m	Amber: A new District or Local Centre is to be provided on the NIAB1 site.	
How far is the nearest health centre or GP service in Cambridge?	A = 400-800m	Amber: A new health facility is to be provided on the NIAB1 site.	
Would development lead to a loss of community facilities?	G = Development would not lead to the loss of any community facilities or appropriate mitigation possible	Green:	
Site integration with existing communities?	G = Good scope for integration with existing communities / of sufficient scale to create a new community	Green: Site can be master planned alongside the adjacent NIAB2 site, and benefit from services and facilities provided at both the NIAB sites.	
How far is the nearest secondary school?	G = <1km or non-housing allocation or site large enough to provide new school	Green: A new school is to be built on the NIAB 2 site in South Cambridgeshire. The area of the school site may need to be increased to accommodate extra pupil numbers.	
How far is the nearest primary school?	City preference:  A = 400-800m	Amber/Green: 0.50km ACF  – to site of new primary school on the Orchard Park	
	SCDC:  G = <1km or non housing	site but across Histon Road, 0.58km ACF to the proposed school on the NIAB2 site.	

	allocation or site large enough to provide new school	
Would development protect the shopping hierarchy, supporting the vitality and viability of Cambridge, Town, District and Local	G = No effect or would support the vitality and viability of existing centres	Green:
Centres?		
Accessibility to outdoor fac		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development result in the loss of land protected by Cambridge Local Plan policy 4/2 or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9? (excluding land which is protected only because of its Green Belt status).	G=No	Green:
If the site is protected open space can the open space be replaced according to CLP Local Plan policy 4/2 Protection of Open Space or South Cambridgeshire Development Control policy SF/9 (for land in South Cambridgeshire)?	R=No G=Yes	Not applicable
If the site does not involve any protected open space would development of the site be able to increase the quantity and quality of publically accessible open space / outdoor sports facilities and achieve the minimum standards of onsite public open space (OS) provision?	GG = Development would create the opportunity to deliver significantly enhanced provision of new public open spaces in excess of adopted plan standards	Green: The landowners propose substantial areas of new public open space between NIAB2 and Girton and south of the A14 between the new development and the A14.
Supporting Economic Grov		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
How far is the nearest main employment centre?	A = 1-3km	1.52km ACF – nearest employment 2000+ employees
Would development result in the loss of employment land identified in the Employment Land Review?	G = No loss of employment land / allocation is for employment development	Green:
Would allocation result in	G = Within or adjacent to	Green:

development in deprived areas of Cambridge?	the 40% most deprived	
areas or Cambridge?	Local Super Output Areas (LSOA) within Cambridge	
	according to the Index of	
	Multiple Deprivation 2010.	
Sustainable Transport		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
What type of public	G = High quality public	Green:
transport service is	transport service	
accessible at the edge of		
the site?		
How far is the site from an	R = >800m	3.47km ACF – to new
existing or proposed train		Science Park Station from
station?		approximate centre of site.
What type of cycle routes	G = Quiet residential street	Green: Subject to there
are accessible near to the	speed below 30mph, cycle	being good links from the
site?	lane with 1.5m minimum	development to the
	width, high quality off-road	proposed orbital cycle route to the southeast. There
	path e.g. cycleway adjacent to guided busway.	should also be a
	to guided busway.	cycle/pedestrian link to
		Thornton Way.
SCDC Would development	RR = Score 0-4 from 4	Total Score = 22
reduce the need to travel	criteria below	
and promote sustainable	R = Score 5-9 from 4	
transport choices:	criteria below	
	A = Score 10-14 from 4	
	criteria below G = Score 15-19 from 4	
	criteria below	
	GG = Score 19-24 from 4	
	criteria below	
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Within 400m (6)	266m ACF to nearest bus
Distance to a bus stop / rail		stop.
station		•
SCDC Sub-indicator:	20 minute service (4)	20 minute service (Citi 8)
Frequency of Public		
Transport	OO minutos suls su (O)	Citi O complete 10 melierate
SCDC Sub-Indicator:	20 minutes or less (6)	Citi 8 service: 12 minute
Typical public transport journey time to Cambridge		journey time. (Arbury, Brownlow Road –
City Centre		Cambridge, Emmanuel
		Street).
SCDC Sub-indicator:	Up to 5km (6)	2.33km ACF
Distance for cycling to City	` /	
Centre		
Air Quality, pollution, conta		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Is the site within or near to	R = Within or adjacent to an	Red: Air Quality: The
an AQMA, the M11 or the	AQMA, M11 or A14	majority of the site is within
A14?		SCDC's declared Air
		Quality Management Area

(as a result of exceedences of the national objectives for annual mean nitrogen dioxide and daily mean PM10, SCDC designated an area along both sides of the A14 between Milton and Bar Hill as an AQMA). Due to this the concerns are twofold. Firstly the introduction of additional residential receptors and members of the public into an area with poor air quality with potential adverse health impact and secondly the development itself and related emissions e.g. heating and transport having an adverse impact on the existing AQMA and pollutant levels.

Proposals for a mixed residential / commercial development or a commercial / recreational type uses such as Community Stadium within or adjacent to SCDC' Air Quality Management Area has the potential to have a significant adverse impact on local air quality which is not consistent with the Local Air Quality Action Plan. Extensive and detailed air quality assessments including dispersion modelling will be required to assess the cumulative impacts of this and other proposed developments within the locality on air quality along with provision of a Low Emissions Strategy. Any Air Quality Impact assessment should address not only the impacts in the immediate vicinity of the development but also the wider impacts on air quality within the AQMA including cumulative impacts with other

		developments in the area.
		On balance Env Health
		object to the allocation of
		residential development
		within the designated air
		quality management area
		until noise and air quality impact assessments can
		demonstrate with a
		reasonable degree of
		certainly that it will be
		technically possible and
		viable to avoid, mitigate or
		reduce noise and air quality
		impacts to prevent new development on site from
		contributing to or being put
		at unacceptable risk from,
		or being adversely affected
		by unacceptable levels of
		air and noise pollution.
		Consideration of commercial/recreational use
		within this area may be
		given to those proposals
		that can demonstrate with a
		reasonable degree of
		certainty that it will be
		possible to mitigate potential impacts on air
		quality.
		The proposer has supplied
		an assessment which
		shows that the site can be
		developed to a satisfactory
		standard taking into account
		air quality issues. This report does not address
		short term exposure to
		PM10 or the impacts of
		such development on air
		quality.
		A map of the AQMA can be
		found at the end of this
		assessment.
Would the development of	A = Adverse impact	Amber: See above.
the site result in an adverse		
impact/worsening of air		
quality?  Are there potential noise	A = Adverse impacts	Amber: NOISE: Road
and vibration problems if	capable of adequate	Transport General: The
the site is developed, as a	mitigation	North of the site bounds the
receptor or generator?		A14, the A14 / Histon

junction / roundabout is immediately to the North East and Histon Road lies immediately to the East.

Very high levels of ambient / diffuse traffic noise dominant the noise environment both during the day and night. Noise likely to influence the design / layout and number / density of residential premises. The impact of existing noise on any future residential in this area is a material consideration in terms of health and well being and providing a high quality living environment.

The majority of the site is likely to be old PPG 24 NEC C / D (empty site) for night: PPG24 advice "Planning permission should not normally be granted. Where it is considered that permission should be given, for example because there are no alternative quieter sites available, conditions should be imposed to ensure a commensurate level of protection against noise" or planning permission should be refused.

Residential could be acceptable with high level of mitigation: combination of appropriate distance separation, careful orientation / positioning / design / internal layout of buildings, noise insulation scheme and extensive noise attenuation measures to mitigate traffic noise (single aspect, limited height, sealed nonopenable windows on façade facing A14 / Histon Road, acoustically treated

		alternative ventilation, no open amenity spaces such as balconies / gardens). Commercial shielding or noise berms / barriers options along A14.  It is preferable to avoid noise from giving rise to significant adverse impacts on health and quality of life as a result of new development and or mitigate or reduce to minimum. Before any consideration is given to allocating the site for residential development, it is recommended that this noise threat / constraint is thoroughly investigated and assessed having regard to / in accordance with industry best practice / guidance to determine the suitability of the site for residential use. This site requires a full noise assessment including consideration of any noise attenuation measures such as noise barriers / berms and practical / technical feasibility / financial viability. The proposer has supplied an assessment which shows that the site can be developed to a satisfactory standard taking into account noise issues.
Are there potential light pollution problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Are there potential odour problems if the site is developed, as a receptor or generator?	G = No adverse effects or capable of full mitigation	Green:
Is there possible contamination on the site?	A = Site within or adjacent to an area with a history of contamination	Amber:
Protecting Groundwater		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development be	G = Not within SPZ1 or	Green:
within a source protection	allocation is for greenspace	

zone? Groundwater sources (e.g. wells, boreholes and springs) are used for public drinking water supply. These zones show the risk of contamination from any activities that might cause	olic isk ny	
pollution in the area.		

Protecting the townscape and historic environment (Landscape addressed by Green Belt criteria)		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
. •	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such areas, and there is no impact to the setting of such areas	Green:
upon a Conservation Area?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such an area, and there is no impact to the setting of such an area	Green:
`	G = Site does not contain or adjoin such buildings, and there is no impact to the setting of such buildings	Green:
	A = Known archaeology on site or in vicinity	Amber: The site is located in an area of high archaeological potential. The Iron Age ringwork Arbury Camp was located to the immediate east (HER 08479) and croprmarks of probable Iron Age or Roman enclosures are known to the west (HER 08955, 08956). Elements of this cropmark complex clearly extend into the proposal area. Archaeological excavations are currently underway in advance of development to south, with evidence for Iron Age and Roman settlement (HER ECB3788).  County Historic Environment Team advise that further information regarding the extent and significance of archaeology in the area would be necessary. This should

survey to determine whether the impact of development could be managed through
mitigation.

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Making Efficient Use of Land		
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development lead to the loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land?	R = Significant loss (20 ha or more) of grades 1 and 2 land	Red: All of the site under the control of the proposer is grade 2 land (note the area proposed for built development would be less than 20ha in area but not retained as agricultural land).
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (CITY)	R = No	Red: No significant PDL on site.
Would development make use of previously developed land (PDL)? (SCDC)	A=No	Amber:
Biodiversity and Green Infra	astructure	
Criteria	Performance	Comments
Would development impact upon a locally designated wildlife site i.e. (Local Nature Reserve, County Wildlife Site, City Wildlife Site)	G = Does not contain, is not adjacent to or local area will be developed as greenspace	Green:
Does the site offer opportunity for green infrastructure delivery?	A = No significant opportunities or loss of existing green infrastructure capable of appropriate mitigation	Amber:
Would development reduce habitat fragmentation, enhance native species, and help deliver habitat restoration (helping to achieve Biodiversity Action Plan targets?)	G = Development could have a positive impact by enhancing existing features and adding new features or network links	Green: Greatest impact likely to be from the extensive loss of open farmland leading to impact upon farmland species including brown hare and farmland birds. Badgers and Barn Owls also noted in submitted ecology survey.
Are there trees on site or immediately adjacent protected by a Tree Preservation Order (TPO)?	G = Site does not contain or adjoin any protected trees	Green:
Any other information not captured above?		
Electricity pylon line crosses eastern part of site which would constrain development if not sunk underground.		

Allotments gardens on easter Area.	n side of Histon Road are a 'Pro	otected Village Amenity	
Conclusions	Conclusions		
Cross site comparison			
Level 1 Conclusion (after	A= Some constraints or	Amber:	
allowing scope for mitigation)	adverse impacts	- Adverse impact on Green Belt purposes	
Level 2 Conclusion (after allowing scope for mitigation)	A = Some constraints or adverse impacts	Amber: - Noise and air quality constraints due to proximity to A14	
Overall Conclusion	A = Site with development potential (some constraints or adverse impacts)		
Viability feedback (from consultants)	R = Unlikely to be viable, A = May be viable G = Likely to be viable		

# Map of part of the A14 AQMA

