# LOCAL GREEN SPACES IN HISTON & IMPINGTON

## INFORMATION ON SITE: "Manor Park Field - Histon Wood"

Version 27 May 2019

### INTRODUCTION

This template is for the compilation of information relevant to the designation of a particular site as a Local Green Space (LGS) in the Histon & Impington Neighbourhood Plan. It serves to inform decisions about LGS designation, to provide supporting evidence to the District planning authorities and to inform specific policies and management plans for the site. It is based on the requirements of the National Planning Policy Framework and South Cambridgeshire Local Plan and draws on other guidance documents, as explained in the Histon and Impington LGS Framework paper. It is organised into sections, as listed below, but most sites will be significant for only a couple of the criteria covered.

- 1. General Information
- 2. Planning history and legal status
- 3. Size, scale and "local nature"
- 4. Need for and proximity/accessibility of Local Green Space
- 5. Evidence that it "is demonstrably special to a local community"
- 6. Evidence that it "holds particular local significance for its beauty or tranquillity"
- 7. Evidence that it "holds particular local significance for its historical or cultural value"
- 8. Evidence that it "holds particular local significance for its recreational value"
- 9. Evidence that it "holds particular local significance for the richness of its wildlife"
- 10. Evidence that it holds particular local significance for other ecosystem services
- 11. Evidence about the site's connectivity to other green areas for ecological or recreational purposes
- 12. Evidence that the green space holds particular local significance for any other reason

#### REFERENCE NUMBER OF THIS LOCAL GREEN SPACE = V12

#### WORKING NAME OF THIS LOCAL GREEN SPACE = Manor Park Field - Histon Wood

#### DATE of most recent amendment / addition to the dossier = 27 May 2019

#### IN A NUTSHELL (max 100 words), the case for this Local Green Space:

The Manor Park field, Histon Wood and St Audrey's Close woodland are used heavily by villagers from all over H&I for walking, running, dog-walking and birdwatching, and are connected ecologically and for recreation to the Girton Wood and other sites beyond. Histon Wood was planted by local residents with help from the Cambridgeshire Federation of Women's Institutes in 1994, while the Community Orchard was planted by residents over 2013-15 in different sections – one representing various East Anglian fruit trees (bred between 1600 and 1980) and another a typical early 20th Century orchard. The orchard is also used by community groups, such as scouts and guides, and for numerous social events. Wildlife thrives at the site, thanks in part to the connectivity to the dense factory scrubland and other nearby habitat, and includes eight priority vertebrate species in Cambridgeshire's Biodiversity Action Plan: Bullfinch, House Sparrow, Lesser Redpoll, Reed Bunting, Song Thrush, Yellowhammer, Common Lizard and Brown Long-eared Bat.

Contributors to this dossier (with initials to facilitate reference in the sources column):

David Chandler Dan Mace (DM) Rob Bensted-Smith (RBS)

	STATEMENTS ABOUT EACH TOPIC	EVIDENCE / SOURCES
		What evidence supports statement? References? Also provide the initials of
		the contributor and other relevant people for follow-up queries.
1	GENERAL INFORMATION	
1.1	Name(s) and location/address of site. Some sites have several names, in which case mention all known names.	
	Manor Park Field including the Histon and Impington Community Orchard.	D Mace
	Plus adjacent/contiguous areas: Histon Wood, Scrub Triangle (NE of Histon Wood) and St Audrey's Close Woodland Strip (running NE between Manor Park and St Audrey's Close).	D Chandler
1.2	Site location map(s) and photographs The plan can be at any scale but must show location	Has a map been provided? YES Have photos been provided? YES
	and boundaries of the site. Indicate the scale. Add	
	explanatory text about site location and boundaries in box below.	Attach the map(s) and photo(s) separately.
	The Manor Park field lies to the south of Somerset	D Mace
	Road and Manor Park, to the north of the Cambridgeshire Guided Busway, and east of the Hain Daniel factory. The Histon and Impington	
	Community Orchard lies in the southern part of the field.	D Chandler.
	The Scrub Triangle is to the NW of Manor Park Field, and Histon Wood to the SW. St Audrey's Close	D chandler.
	woodland strip reaches NE from the W corner of the Scrub Triangle.	
1.3	Ownership of site	
	Information on land ownership can be obtained from the <i>Land Registry</i> or local knowledge.	
	Manor Park Field is owned by Cambridgeshire	
	County Council and leased to Histon & Impington Parish Council, who have granted Histon &	
	Impington Community Orchard Project a Licence to	
	Occupy.	D Chandler
	Histon Wood and St Audrey's Close woodland are owned by Cambridgeshire County Council.	RBS
	The Scrub Triangle is privately owned.	
1.4	Is the owner aware of the potential designation as	
	LGS? Do they support the designation? Support is highly desirable, but it is possible for a site	
	to be designated as a LGS, even if there are	
	objections from the site owners.	
	The County Council is aware and raised no objection	
	to the proposed LGS.	
	The owner of the scrub triangle lives elsewhere in the UK and the Parish Council were unable to obtain	
	contact information for her, so she is not aware.	
1.5	Organisation(s) or individual(s) proposing the site for	

GS
to

visually and socially to the local area?	template e.g. on recreation.
The site straddles the boundary between village and green belt, with housing and the jam factory on one side and open fields on the other side, with the busway (much used by local walkers and cyclists) passing through the middle. It sits comfortably in this location, with its balance of proximity to people and to the countryside. It is one of the few areas of open grassland in the village, and the Community Orchard is a rich habitat hosting a variety of plants including fruit trees, a native hedge and wildflowers as well as insects, lizards and birds. The Community Orchard includes a section planted as much of the local orchards were in the early 20 <sup>th</sup> Century. The fruit trees are either directly linked to the villages or are from East Anglia. Histon Wood was planted with help from the Cambridgeshire Federation of Women's Institutes in	D Mace
NEED FOR AND PROXIMITY / ACCESSIBILITY OF GREEN SPACE	
Is there a particular need for a Local Green Space in this location? e.g. is there a shortage of accessible green space in this location? Has the need been identified in other assessments or surveys?	Make this specific. General shortage in H&I is described in the framework document.
This is one of the most important open green spaces serving a village with a severe shortage of such spaces. It is the closest green space for approximately 20% of the built-up area of the village, but people come from further afield to use it for walking, running, dog-walking and birdwatching. A footpath that runs through the area links Histon to Girton.	D Chandler
How far is the site from the community it serves? It should be in "reasonably close proximity" but this is not defined.	It may be helpful to attach a map or diagram showing proximity and access.
Manor Park Field is 50m from the nearest road, Somerset Road. The Community Orchard is approximately 125m from the nearest road. The additional sites abut Manor Park Field or are adjacent to sites that do - extending and diversifying the LGS. The busway track enables access for people from southern Impington.	D Chandler
Are there any barriers to the community accessing	
	green belt, with housing and the jam factory on one side and open fields on the other side, with the busway (much used by local walkers and cyclists) passing through the middle. It sits comfortably in this location, with its balance of proximity to people and to the countryside. It is one of the few areas of open grassland in the village, and the Community Orchard is a rich habitat hosting a variety of plants including fruit trees, a native hedge and wildflowers as well as insects, lizards and birds. The Community Orchard includes a section planted as much of the local orchards were in the early 20 <sup>th</sup> Century. The fruit trees are either directly linked to the villages or are from East Anglia. Histon Wood was planted with help from the Cambridgeshire Federation of Women's Institutes in 1994. <b>NEED FOR AND PROXIMITY /</b> <b>ACCESSIBILITY OF GREEN SPACE</b> Is there a particular need for a Local Green Space in this location? <i>e.g. is there a shortage of accessible green space in this location? Has the need been identified in other assessments or surveys</i> ? This is one of the most important open green spaces serving a village with a severe shortage of such spaces. It is the closest green space for approximately 20% of the built-up area of the village, but people come from further afield to use it for walking, running, dog-walking and birdwatching. A footpath that runs through the area links Histon to Girton. How far is the site from the community it serves? <i>It should be in "reasonably close proximity" but this is not defined</i> . Manor Park Field is 50m from the nearest road, Somerset Road. The Community Orchard is approximately 125m from the nearest road. The additional sites abut Manor Park Field or are adjacent to sites that do - extending and diversifying the LGS. The busway track enables access for people from southern Impington.

5.	EVIDENCE THAT IT IS SPECIAL TO THE	
-	COMMUNITY	
5.1	List the community organisations, societies, local leaders, schools, organisations concerned with health and well-being, groups of residents or other groups, who have expressed support for the	Attach evidence, which could be letters of support, petitions, surveys, council resolutions etc.
	protection of this site?	
	Responses obtained at the stand outside Tesco's during the consultation showed that this site, along with Girton Wood and Buxhall Farm, are the most important green spaces in the Parish (after the Village Green). The field is used by residents, particularly dog walkers and picnickers in the summer. The Community Orchard is used informally by residents, and is also used by the local schools, nursery, and groups such as the Scouts, Guides, Brownies, and Woodcraft folk. The Schools, nursery and Brownies have taken part in growing wildflowers from seed and planting them in the orchard. These groups have also used quizzes on the orchard trees. As mentioned above, this part of the village is used for walking, running, dog-walking and birdwatching. A footpath running through it connects Histon to Girton.	Written submissions received at the Saturday morning stand outside Tesco's during the consultation.
6.	EVIDENCE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE FOR BEAUTY OR TRANQUILLITY	
6.1	Is this criterion relevant for this site? YES	If no, go on to the next section
6.2	If yes, describe briefly the views and other characteristics that contribute to this beauty and/or tranquillity. Why do local people consider it to be of particular significance?	If possible, provide photographic or other evidence.
	The Community Orchard, enclosed by a native hedge, provides a peaceful space in a relatively busy area, between the factory, guided busway and housing. It is screened by its hedge, and taller nearby trees. The views across the orchard, with its 72 local trees are not only beautiful, but are historically significant, being examples of orchards that were once commonplace in the area. Once across the busway, dog-walkers enjoy the peace and quiet of Histon Wood (and from there many go on across the fields).	
7.	EVIDENCE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE	H&I Historical Society could compile this section, where relevant.
	FOR HISTORICAL OR CULTURAL VALUE	
7.1	Is this criterion relevant for this site?	If no, go on to the next section
7.1		If no, go on to the next section

7.2	Describe the associated historic buildings,	If possible, provide references or other
	memorials, gardens, landscape features (e.g. old	evidence.
	hedgerows, trees or ponds), cultural activities or	
	relevance to the historic development of the village	
	(e.g. fruit and jam production).	
	Histon and Impington used to be a significant fruit	
	growing area. It used to be the case that one could	
	walk from Histon to Swavesey along the railway line	
	(a distance of 11km) without leaving an orchard.	
	Today only a few scraps remain. The Community	
	Orchard has been planted in different sections – one	
	representing a wide range of fruits, flavours, and	
	vintages of East Anglian fruit trees (bred between	
	1600 and 1980). Another section has been planted	
	as an orchard would have looked in the early 20 <sup>th</sup>	
	Century, using the varieties that were grown then.	
8.	EVIDENCE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE	H&I Walking Group, Histon Hobblers,
ο.	EVIDENCE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE	Cycling Group, youth groups and
	FOR RECREATION	others could compile this section,
		where relevant.
8.1	Is this criterion relevant for this site?	If no, go on to the next section
	YES	
	The site is used by the schools and Scouts, Guides,	
	Brownies and Woodcraft Folk. It is also used	
	informally by picnickers and frisbee throwers.	
8.2	Is the site used for playing sport? If so, which sports,	
	involving which sections of the community? Since	
	when has it been used for sport? Is it free or does it	
	require club membership?	
	No.	
0.2		
8.3	Is the public able to physically access the site?	
	e.g. public rights of way across or adjacent to the site. Has access been allowed hitherto on a	
	discretionary basis? Is there access to the whole site	
	or just part of it? Is there good disabled access? (A site can still be designated even if there is no public	
	access). A public right of way runs along the north-east side	
	of Manor Park Field, facilitating access from the	
	south and east, as well as passage on by the St	
	Audrey's Close woodland. The path across the field	
	to the Community Orchard was improved to enable	
	wheelchair access, and the gate to the orchard is	
	also wheelchair accessible. Wheelchair and mobility	
	scooter users visit the orchard. The Guided Busway,	
	1	
	which is very popular with walkers, runners and	
	cyclists, enables access to Manor Park Field at two points and to Histon Wood, also at two points.	

8.4	Is the site used for walking, dog-walking, foraging (berries etc), birding, nature observation, horse- riding, cycling, youth gatherings, children's games or other informal recreation? If so, how much is it used and by which parts of the community? Since when has it had these uses? The whole site is in constant use for walking, especially dog-walking. Manor Park Field is also used for informal youth gatherings, particularly on summer evenings. The Community Orchard is used by schools and other groups as mentioned previously.	
9.	EVIDENCE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE FOR RICHNESS OF WILDLIFE	
9.1	Is this criterion relevant for this site?	If no, go on to the next section
9.2	YES / What wildlife of interest to the community has been found on the site?	Consider sightings within the past five years. To organise species information,
	Include plants, fungi, mammals, birds, amphibians, invertebrates etc. Explain briefly the use of the site by the species concerned and the conservation requirements. Mention any population trends, supported by monitoring data or anecdotal evidence.	a checklist of potential species will be made available. Additional species can be added, as needed. The checklist and other evidence should be provided as an attachment.
	A site survey was carried out on 5 <sup>th</sup> May 2012, prior to establishing the Community Orchard, and there was a study in 2014 by the Cambridge Natural History Society. The LGS site as a whole has a variety of habitat	Survey report, 2012 Cambridge Natural History Society (CNHS) did a survey in 2014
	types, supporting the following priority species in Cambridgeshire's Biodiversity Action Plan: Bullfinch (presumed breeding), House Sparrow (used by breeding populations), Lesser Redpoll (wintering), Reed Bunting (wintering), Song Thrush (presumed breeding), Yellowhammer (wintering), Common	Bioblitz spreadsheet (uploaded to Dropbox)
	Lizard, Brown Long-eared Bat (one found dead by Guided Busway - presumably feeding in area). (All tbc). Other species of note include Whitethroat and Lesser Whitethroat. A mini Bioblitz in Histon Wood on 11 <sup>th</sup> May 2019, done mainly as an educational activity, recorded 134 species of plants, invertebrates and vertebrates. It was supported by experts from BugLife and RSPB.	D Chandler RBS
9.3	Are any of the habitats or species found on the site considered to be of special importance? <i>e.g.</i> <i>habitats or species in national or regional lists of</i> <i>priorities or in a biodiversity action plan. Explain</i> <i>briefly the use of the site by the species concerned</i> <i>and the conservation requirements, if not already</i> <i>covered above.</i>	For national and county priority species, see <u>CPbiodiversity</u> . Consider sightings within the past five years. Elaborate further in an attachment, if necessary
	See above.	7

9.4	Are there trees with preservation orders in the site? If so, how many, which species and what special characteristics?	Parish Council tree warden could provide the information for this question. South Cambs Local Plan policy NH/7 (paras 6.32-6.33) on ancient woodlands and veteran trees is relevant on this question.
	No	
9.5	What has been the involvement of community members in studying, observing or simply enjoying the wildlife of this site? Have local people been monitoring the site or recording its species and, if so, for how long? Have they produced any data sets, articles, reports, blogs,	You could attach copies of materials produced, if appropriate.
	talks, exhibits etc about any of the wildlife present at the site?	
	The Community Orchard was planned and developed by a local group of villagers. It was planted (between 2013 and 2015) at three Community Planting events which were well attended by local villagers. Many years earlier, in 1994, there was much local participation in the planting of Histon Wood. David Chandler, a local author of bird and wildlife books, and contributor to Bird Watching magazine, has been watching birds and other wildlife in this area for many years. Recently the Junior School have constructed 'bug hotels' to attract insects. One of these has a thriving population of common lizards. The May 2019 Bioblitz was undertaken as part of Mental Health week. Well over 100 people attended during the 4-hour event - despite rain!	D Chandler
10.	EVIDENCE OF LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE FOR OTHER ECOSYSTEM SERVICES	There is unlikely to be quantitative data on ecosystem services, but you can make qualitative arguments – as specific as possible. In some cases there may be supporting anecdotal evidence (e.g. of pollinator activity).
10.1	Is this criterion relevant for this site? YES	If no, go on to the next section
10.2	Does the site contribute significantly to flood prevention, absorption of rainwater or maintenance of water quality (by reducing run-off of silt, agrochemicals and other pollutants into water courses)? If so, describe briefly the function and how significant it is likely to be.	Attach supporting documents, diagrams etc, if needed.
	Not known. Occasional flash flooding has occurred in nearby streets. Maintaining areas that can absorb rainwater can help to prevent this.	D Chandler

10.3	Does the site provide significant habitat for pollinators or for predators valuable in controlling plant pests (especially if near allotments, orchards, gardens)? If so, describe briefly the pollinators and/or predators concerned.	Attach supporting documents, diagrams etc, if needed.
	Yes, but not known in detail. Sites are near gardens and the community orchard. Includes scrub, woodland, hedges and grassland, therefore likely to provide food/shelter for a range of pollinator species.	David Chandler
10.4	Does the site contribute significantly as a barrier to noise pollution or air pollution, as a windbreak, or in maintaining a favourable microclimate (e.g. a moist, cool area during hot, dry periods)?	Attach supporting documents, diagrams etc, if needed.
	Yes. The site acts as a visual screen and barrier to perceived noise between the Cambridgeshire	
	Guided Busway and housing. The busway is screened from Manor Park Field by a tall hedge.	David Chandler
11.	CONNECTIVITY TO OTHER GREEN AREAS	As explained in the Framework document, ecological connectivity is essential for long-term sustainability of the other local values, while connecting sites with vegetated paths greatly enhances recreational value.
11.1	Is this criterion relevant for this site?	If no, go on to the next section
	YES	
11.2	Is the site connected – or potentially connected – ecologically to other green areas? If so, which other areas? Which kinds of wildlife benefit from the connectivity? The connectivity could be physically continuous, e.g. a hedgerow, or depend on sites being close enough for birds or insects to move between them. If the connectivity is weak or only potential, indicate briefly how it could be enhanced e.g. by restoring vegetation alongside a drainage ditch.	Attach a map or diagram to illustrate the connectivity.
	The LGS site is itself a mosaic of inter-dependent habitats. Ecologically it is closely connected to the dense scrub within the Hain Daniel jam factory site, which is believed to provide safe habitat for a variety of birds, reptiles and invertebrates (a study would be valuable to detail this). The paddock to the north-west, though excluded from the LGS designation, is also part of the ecological mosaic. Through walking routes and hedgerows there is	D Chandler

11.3	Is the site connected – or potentially connected – for recreational purposes to other green areas? If so, which other areas and for which kinds of recreation? Which parts of the community use the connected green areas and how much? This will generally be about walking, dog-walking, running, horse-riding and cycling routes, which link green areas in a loop. If the connectivity is only potential, indicate briefly how it could be achieved e.g. by establishing an additional permissive way.	Attach a map or diagram to illustrate the connectivity, or simply cross-refer to the ecological connectivity, if the links are similar.
	The site is adjacent to Histon Woods, and beyond this agricultural fields. There is a network of footpaths connecting Histon and the adjacent village of Girton which start at Manor Park Field. See figure 4 in the map document. The footpath/cycleway running alongside the busway is very well used and provides connectivity for walkers and cyclists to the countryside north- west of Histon.	D Chandler
12.	EVIDENCE OF ANY OTHER SPECIAL LOCAL SIGNIFICANCE If there is any other special characteristic or local significance relevant to the site's designation as a Local Green Space but not covered above, please state it here.	
	significance relevant to the site's designation as a Local Green Space but not covered above, please	